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ACCREDITED CALIBRATION COMPANY

DALLAS FT WORTH AUSTIN HOUSTON

NICOLSCALES.COM

800.225.8181

CONTACT US

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SCT-2200 Advanced Series

Weight Transmitter
Version 8.05

Technical Manual



January 19, 2022

RICE LAKE WEIGHING SYSTEMS

PN 183522 Rev C

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1.0 Introduction

The purpose of this manual is to help the technician understand the *SCT-2200* functioning modes, key functions and display indications. This manual applies to indicators using version 8.00 or higher of the STC-2200 firmware. Configuration and calibration of the indicator can be accomplished by pressing the indicator front panel keys, the serial command set or Rice Lake Tools configuration utility. Each indicator is designed to work with one scale and has the capability to be daisy chained to one protocol interface to communicate with a network interface controller for larger jobs.

Manuals and additional resources are available from Rice Lake Weighing Systems at www.ricelake.com/manuals

Warranty information can be found on the website at www.ricelake.com/warranties

1.1 Safety

Safety Signal Definitions:

DANGER ***Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. Includes hazards that are exposed when guards are removed.***

WARNING ***Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death. Includes hazards that are exposed when guards are removed.***

CAUTION ***Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.***

IMPORTANT ***Indicates information about procedures that, if not observed, could result in damage to equipment or corruption to and loss of data.***

General Safety

Do not operate or work on this equipment unless this manual has been read and all instructions are understood. Failure to follow the instructions or heed the warnings could result in injury or death. Contact any Rice Lake Weighing Systems dealer for replacement manuals.

WARNING

Failure to heed could result in serious injury or death.

Electric shock hazard!

There are no user serviceable parts. Refer to qualified service personnel for service.

The unit has no power switch, to completely remove DC power from the unit, disconnect the DC power cable from the main socket.

For pluggable equipment the socket outlet must be installed near the equipment and must be easily accessible.

Always disconnect from main power before performing any work on the device.

Do not allow minors (children) or inexperienced persons to operate this unit.

Do not operate without all shields and guards in place.

Do not use for purposes other then weighing applications.

Do not place fingers into slots or possible pinch points.

Do not use this product if any of the components are cracked.

Do not make alterations or modifications to the unit.

Do not remove or obscure warning labels.

Do not use near water.

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General Safety Continued

IMPORTANT ***Failure to follow could result in damage to equipment or corruption to and loss of data.***

Keep away from heat sources and direct sunlight.

Protect the instrument from environmental factors: rain, snow, dust, etc.

Do not wash, dip in water or spill liquid on the instrument.

Do not use solvents to clean the instrument.

Do not install in areas subject to explosion hazard.

Always mount the instrument and platform in a vibration free setting.

All instrument connections must be made with respect to local zone and environment standards.

1.2 Options

Features Include

- 5-key, dual-function, push button switches
- 6-digit LED display, 0.30” (8 mm) high
- (6) red LED Annunciators
- 12 - 24 VDC power
- NEMA type 1 plastic enclosure
- Mountable to a DIN 35mm rail
- Supports six wire load cell connections and 4 wire load cell connections with sense jumpers
- Two configurable digital inputs and two configurable digital outputs
- Analog Output (PN 182589)
  - 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA (Maximum 350,000 ohm)
  - 0-5 VDC, 0-10 VDC (Minimum 10,000 ohm)
- (1) RS-485 bidirectional port configurable for connection to a PC/PLC
- (1) RS-232 bidirectional port for connection to a printer or PC
- Optional communication modules:
  - PROFIBUS-DP
  - DeviceNet
  - PROFINET IO
  - EtherNet/IP
  - EtherNet TCP/IP (Wi-Fi or RJ45)
  - Modbus TCP/IP
  - EtherCAT
  - CANopen
- Modbus RTU through serial or RS-485 port. No optional Module needed
- Unit of measure conversion
- Peak detector
- Alibi memory
- Weight or Theoretical calibration with linearity points

1.3 Overview

Case Dimensions and Connections

The instrument has a plastic case; external dimensions and connections are shown in Figure 1-1.

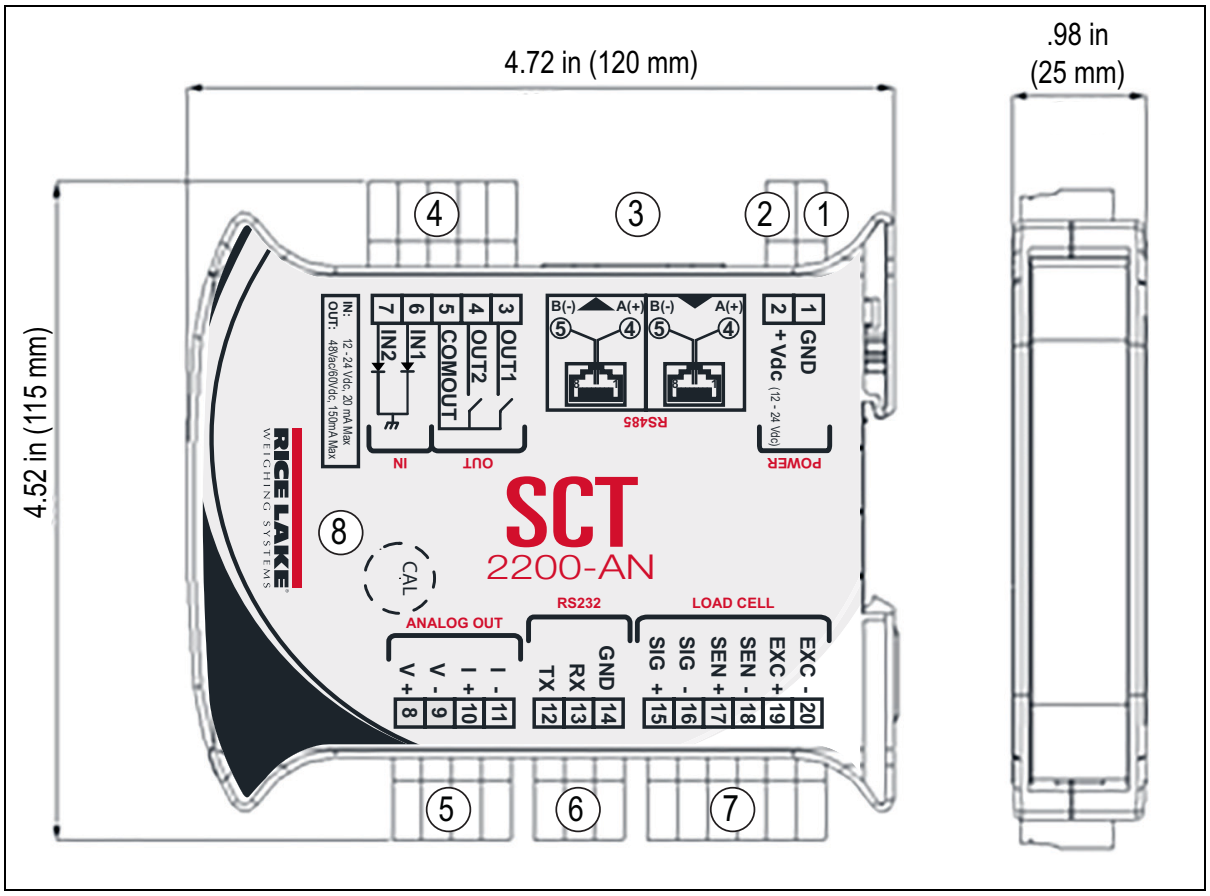


Figure 1-1. SCT-2200 Dimensions and Connections

Item No.	Description
1	GND power supply input
2	(+) 12-24 VDC power supply input
3	Connection for serial line RS-485
4	Digital I/O
5	Analog output (PN 182589 only)
6	Connection for serial line RS-232
7	Connection for load cell
8	Access point to J1 to restrict calibration

Table 1-1. SCT-2200 Connections

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1.3.1 Panel Display

The front panel of the SCT-2200 consists of a display with six digits that are 0.31 in (8 mm) high, six LED annunciators and a five key keyboard.

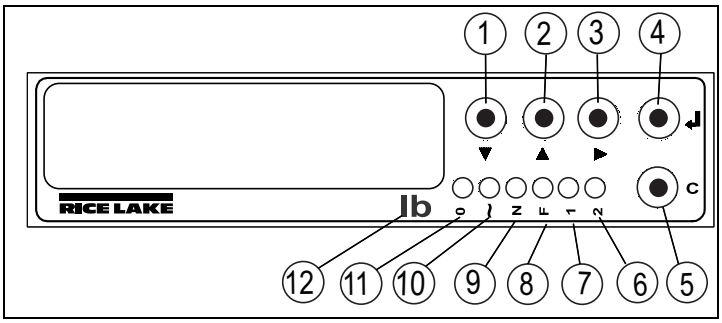


Figure 1-2. SCT-2200 Front Panel

Item No.	Symbol	Description
1	▼	**ZERO** – Clears the displayed gross weight of up to ± 2% of the total capacity; Cancels tare At power up: Momentary press during startup displays current settings. See Section 3.1.1 on page 10 In setup: scroll through parameters In numeric input: decreases the digit to be modified
2	▲	**TARE** – Momentary press executes semiautomatic tare; Cancels tare At power up: Momentary press during startup displays setup mode. See Section 4.1 on page 16 Long press allows for entering a manual tare from the keyboard In setup: scroll through the parameters In numeric input: increases the digit to be modified
3	▶	**MODE** – Executes a specific function (set in the setup mode) See Section 3.5 on page 13 At power up: Momentary press during startup displays quick setup menu. See Section Figure 1-2. In setup: quickly position the first step of a menu In numeric input: selects the digit to be modified, from left to right
4	↵	**PRINT** – Executes a specific function (set in the setup mode) See Section 4.5 on page 26 Executes a printout or transmission of data from the serial port dedicated to the printer In setup: enter into a parameter or to confirm a setting In numeric input: confirms the entry made
5	C	**ON/OFF** – Turns the instrument on and off In setup: press multiple times to display SAUER and/or press to exit a step without confirming the setting In numeric input: momentary press clears the present value Long press beyond -oFF-: Displays information of the scale (capacity, division, minimum weight for each configured range, gravitational acceleration value, number of configured channels)
6	**2**	Indicates the activation of the second output (Sp2)
7	**1**	Indicates the activation of the first output (Sp1)
8	**F**	Illuminates: • when the specification function of the instrument is active (set in F. ModE→FUnCt parameter) See Section 3.5 on page 13 • when a key is pressed Turns off: • when the specification function of the instrument is disabled • with an active function (a key is released) Blinking means the instrument function is active for five seconds
9	**N**	Illuminates when a tare is established, measuring net weight
10	**~** *(tilde)*	Illuminates when the weight is unstable
11	**0**	Illuminates when the weighing system is within ±1/4 division of zero
12	**Lb**	Units - ***Lb*** is printed on the instrument; ***kg***, ***Ton***, ***g***, stickers are included for changing the units on the overlay

Table 1-2. SCT-2200 Front Panel

2.0 Installation

Rice Lake Weighing Systems recommends the instrument and the platform (transducer) be installed on a flat level surface, that is stable and vibration free.

2.1 Location Selection

IMPORTANT ***The following should be considered when selecting a location for the equipment:***

- ***Dust-free***
- ***Free of strong breezes or vapors***
- ***Moderate temperature and humidity (59 to 86°F and 40-70%)***
- ***Use waterproof conduit and couplings in order to protect the load cell cables***
- ***Use a waterproof junction box to connect the cells***
- ***Avoid welding with load cells installed***

IMPORTANT ***During operation, unit will get hot***

When the SCT-2200 is installed inside of the electrical panel, it is recommended that the units be installed vertically 1/4'' apart to a horizontal DIN rail.This minimizes heat buildup from multiple units being stacked and also enables optimal ventilation through the unit. If possible, it is recommended that the unit be installed towards the bottom of a panel to avoid the warmest parts of the panel. If panel size is small, some air circulation may be required.

2.2 Electrical Precautionary Measures

IMPORTANT ***The following electrical precautionary measures must be considered when installing this equipment:***

- ***Main power supply must be maintained within ± 10% of the rated voltage***
- ***Electrical best practices must be observed by the installing technician***
- ***Follow recommended minimal separation distances given for cable categories, See Section 2.3***
- ***The cable extension of the load cells, or signal amplifiers connecting to the serial ports and analog output, must be within stated maximum lengths, See Section 2.3***
- ***It is recommended that load cell cables are shielded and run in conduit at an acceptable distance from power transmission lines to avoid signal interference and signal noise***
- ***All cable runs not in conduit or otherwise shielded should be of minimal length and terminated as close to conduit exit as possible to avoid extraneous signal noise***
- ***If the instrument is situated inside an electric panel, the power supply cable must be shielded and as short as possible, separate from every coil supply cable, inverter, electromotive force, and others. In addition, provide dedicated power supply to the instrument***
- ***Install RC filters on the contact coils, solenoid valves and all devices producing electric fields***
- ***It is recommended to leave the instrument powered on at all times to avoid condensation forming on the inside of the instrument***

2.3 Maximum Cable Length

2.3.1 Load Cell Cable

The maximum length of a standard load cell cable with sense wires is:

- 150’ at 30#AWG
- 300’ at 24#AWG

2.3.2 RS-232 Cable

The maximum length of an RS-232 cable is 50' at a maximum baud rate of 19200.

2.3.3 RS-485 Cable

The maximum length of RS-485 cable is 4000', See Section 6.1 on page 37.

2.3.4 Analog Output Cable

The maximum length of the analog current output cable at 4-20mA is 300'.

The maximum length of the analog voltage output cable at 0-10Vdc is 150'.

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2.4 Grounding the System

A centrally located, single point ground, such as the ground bar of the electric panel, must be created and/or identified for proper grounding and functioning of the system. The ground must be sized so that the total resistance of grounding is lower than 1Ω. Connect grounding points of all instrumentation, load cells, and weighing structure to this single point ground.

2.4.1 Load Cells and Junction Box

When the load cells are connected to the instrument through a junction box, the shielding of the load cell cables and the instrument must be connected to the junction box grounding.

When the load cells are directly connected to the instrument, the load cell cable shielding must be connected to the single point ground.

System cabling should be kept as short as possible to minimize noise potential. After exiting conduit or other shielding, a ferrite device should be used prior to conductor termination.

After platform and the load cell are properly grounded, connect the shield from the load cell cable to the instrument ground. See Figure 1-1 on page 3.

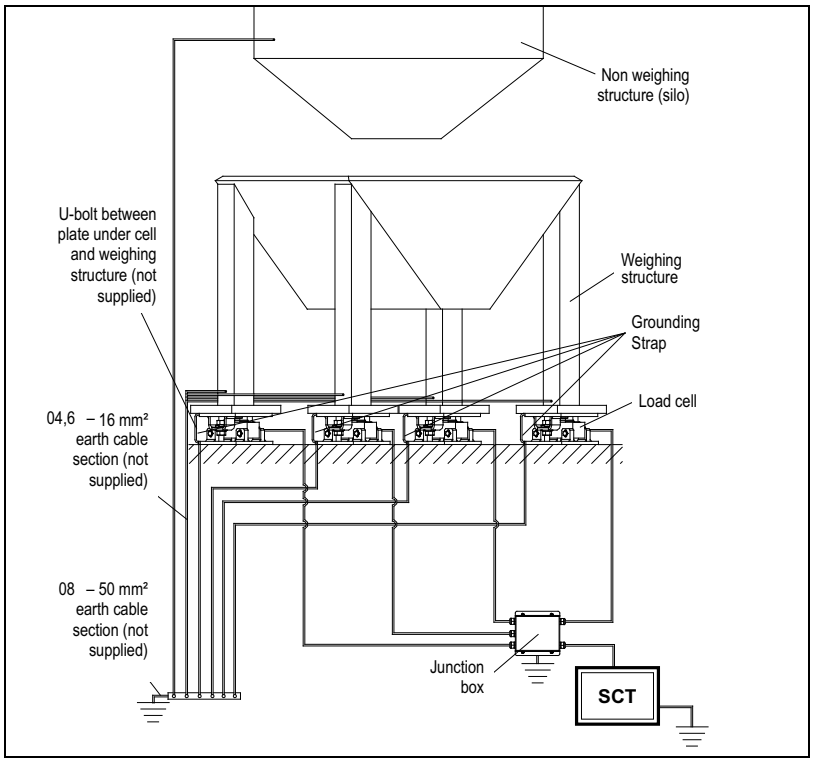


Figure 2-1. Grounding Example

IMPORTANT

Procedures not expressly described in this manual are considered improper use of the equipment.

Ensure the platform is level or the load cells are shimmed evenly.

All connections must meet all local zone and environment standards.

Follow the recommended electrical precautionary measures described in Section 2.2 on page 5.

Make sure that the grounding is made correctly, See Section 2.4.

2.5 Wiring Schematic

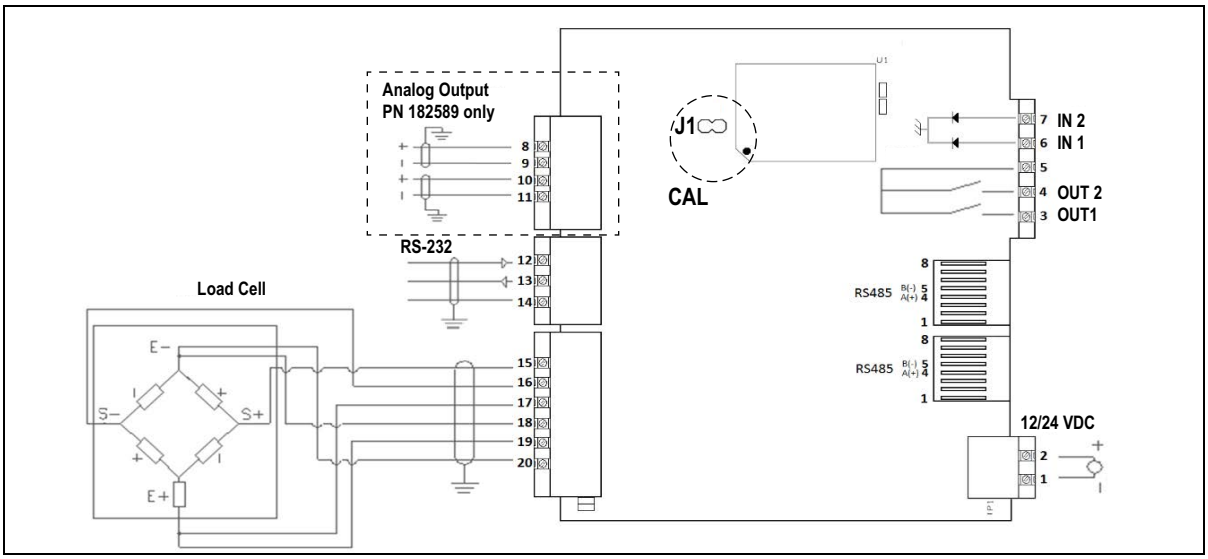


Figure 2-2. SCT-2200 Wiring Schematic

Pin Number	Label	Description
VE 12-24 Vdc Power Supply		
1	GND	0Vdc (GND)
2	+Vdc	+12-24 Vdc
Inputs and Outputs		
Outputs (48Vac or 60Vdc, 150mA max)		
3	OUT1	Output 1
4	OUT2	Output 2
5	COMOUT	Common Output
Optoisolated Inputs Positive Logic (12-24Vdc,5-20mA max)		
6	IN1	Input 1
7	IN2	Input 2
	Connect input common to ground	
Analog Output (PN 182589 only)		
Voltage		
8	V+	+10V
9	V-	0V (GND)
Current		
10	I+	+20mA
11	I-	-0mA (GND)
NOTE: ***Max. resistance on output current: 350Ω*** ***Min. resistance on output voltage: 10kΩ***		

Pin Number	Label	Description
Serial Port		
RS-232		
12	TX	Transmission
13	RX	Reception
14	GND	Ground
RS-485		
RJ45 Plug-IN/OUT		485 Line
RJ45 Plug-IN/OUT		485 Line
Load Cell Connections		
15	SIG+	Signal +
16	SIG-	Signal -
17	SEN+	Sense +
18	SEN-	Sense -
19	EXC+	Excitation +
20	EXC-	Excitation -

Table 2-1. SCT-2200 Wiring Schematic

Note

J1 disables/enables calibration menu in SCT-2200 firmware. This function allows calibration to be limited to authorized personnel. Access to J1 is possible by breaking seal in SCT-2200 label. Restrict access to calibration by jumpering J1 and covering CAL access hole with tamper proof sticker.

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2.6 Connection to the Load Cell

The load cell terminal board of the SCT-2200 must be connected to the 6-wire load cell; if using a 4-wire load, cell excitation must jumper to sense.

IMPORTANT ***Sense is always enabled and, when not using 6-wire load cell, the sense terminals must be jumpered to the same polarity excitation wires.***

Note ***The sense compensates for drops in voltage along the cable that connects the instrument to the load cell. Voltage is lost when the instrument and the load cell are greater than 30ft apart. A cable is typically provided with a load cell. When exceeding the length of the provided load cell cable, six wires must be used to compensate for voltage drop. It is, however, recommended to never cut or shorten the load cell cable.***

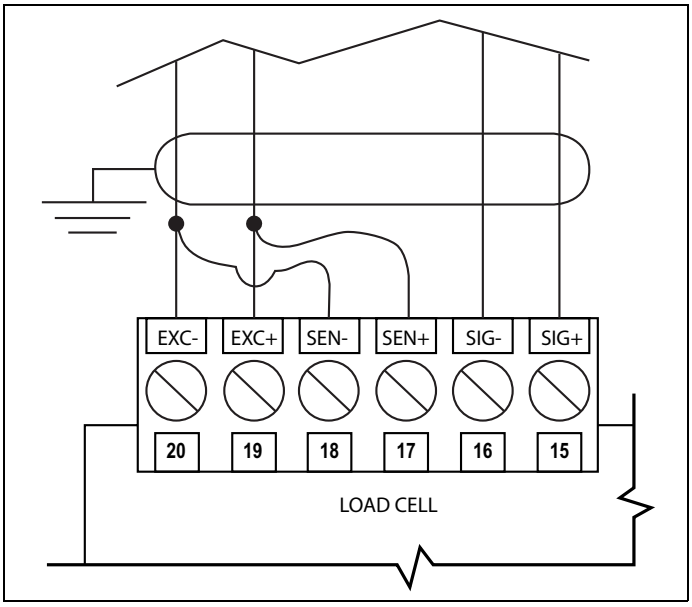


Figure 2-3. 6-Wire Connection

2.7 Input/Output Wiring

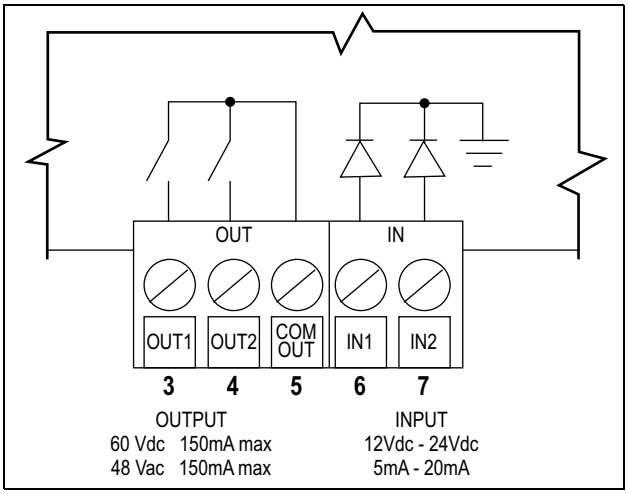


Figure 2-4. Input/Output Wiring

- Output power: 48 Vac, 150mA max (or 60 Vdc, 150mA max)
- Input voltage: 12Vdc - 24 Vdc max
- Input current: 5 mA min - 20 mA max

2.8 Legal for Trade

The SCT-2200 indicator can be sealed in Legal for Trade applications using a tamper proof sticker placed on the side seam of the indicator. The Audit menu can be accessed from weigh mode without power cycling the indicator. (See Section 4.7 on page 31)

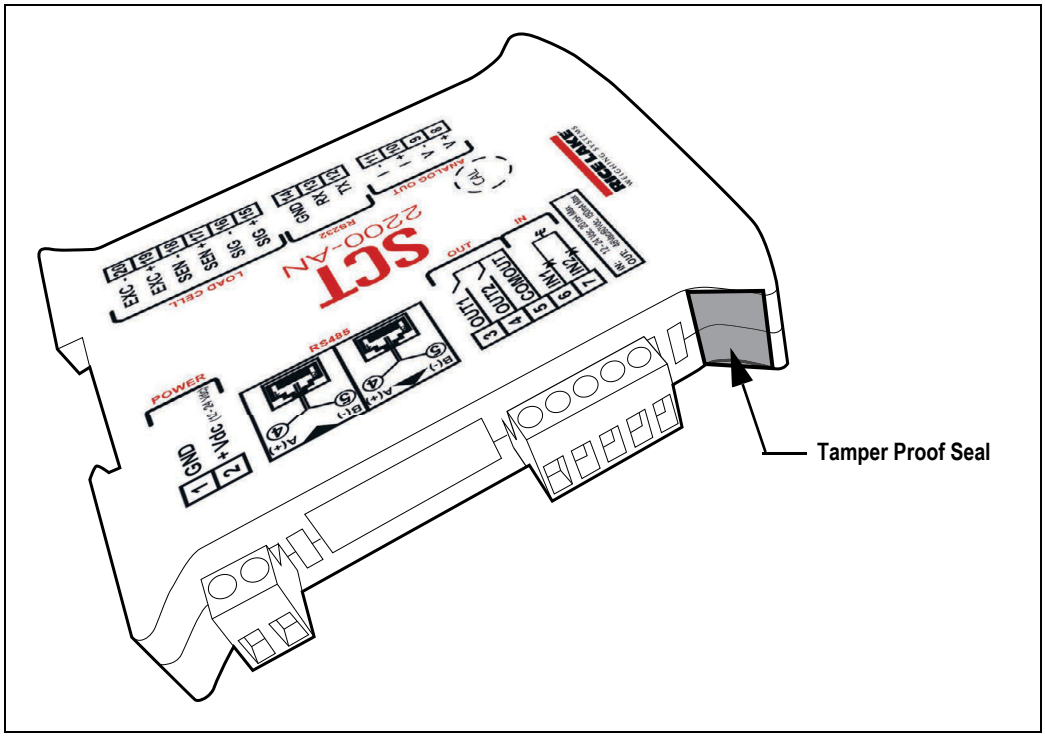


Figure 2-5. Location of Legal for Trade Seal

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3.0 Operation

3.1 Basic Operation

Power must be provided to the SCT-2200 through an external AC/DC charger that supplies a stable voltage of 12 VDC or 24 VDC while connected to an appropriately rated AC power supply. Connect the two power supply wires to the appropriate terminals, see Figure 1-1 on page 3 on the side of the instrument.

3.1.1 Turn on the Instrument

Press C until the instrument turns on, then release. The instrument executes a start up procedure and displays the installed software version.

An auto zero function zeros the instrument at startup if the weight detected on the scale is ± 10% of the capacity. If the weight is not within this tolerance the instrument displays ZEr0 and, after 10 seconds, the current weight is displayed.



The auto zero function at start-up can be disabled in the setup mode.

See SEtuP→ConF iG→PArAM→Auto-0 in Table 4-5 on page 24.

To view the following settings momentarily press ▼ while the display self-check is running:

- HH .YY – HH is the software release and YY is the sub release
- HH .YY – HH indicates the type of instrument, YY indicates the software version
- HH .YY .22 – the installed software version
- HHHHHH – the name of the installed software
- HHH .HHH – capacity and division of channel 1
- h irES – displayed together with the gravitational acceleration value of the area of use

The instrument then executes a self-check.

3.1.2 Standby

Press C until OFF displays. The LED at the left of the display remains on.

3.1.3 Power Off the Instrument

To completely power off the unit, remove the power supplied voltage.

3.1.4 Zero

Press ▼ to zero a gross weight within ± 2% of the total capacity (or as set). Weight value displays as 0 and the relative annunciators illuminate.

3.1.5 Tare

Semiautomatic Tare

Press ▲ to tare the weight value on the scale. tArE displays momentarily and then 0 (net weight). The relative annunciators illuminate.

Manual Tare

Press ▲ for a few seconds. -tN- displays and then 000000. Enter the desired tare value with the following keys:

- ▶ selects the digit to be modified (moves left to right, selected digit blinks)
- ▼ decreases the blinking digit
- ▲ increases the blinking digit
- C momentary press clears the present value, long press returns to the weigh mode without saving changes
- ↵ confirms the entered tare value

The tare value is subtracted from the weight on the scale and the relative annunciators illuminate.

Note ***The entered tare will be rounded off to the nearest division.***

Cancel a Tare

A tare value can be manually canceled in multiple ways:

- Unload the scale and press ▲ or ▼
- Press C without unloading the scale
- Enter a manual tare equal to zero

Locked or Unlocked Tare

When a tare value is entered manually, automatically or from storage the tare value displays with a negative sign when the scale is unloaded. This is known as a locked tare. An unlocked tare is automatically canceled each time the scale is unloaded.

To set the tare type:

1. Turn on the instrument and press ▲ while the firmware version displays. F .ModE displays.
2. Press ↵ to enter the menu.
3. Press ▼ or ▲ until tArE displays. Press ↵ to select.
4. Press ▼ or ▲ to scroll through options.
   - LoCk – locked tare
   - unLoCk – unlocked tare
   - d iSAb – disable tare
5. Press ↵ to confirm selection.
6. Slowly press C multiple times until SAVEP displays.
   - Press ↵ to confirm and store to the instrument memory
   - Press any other key to cancel and exit without saving

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3.2 Multi-Range Function

The multi-range function allows for subdividing the scale capacity in two, each up to 3000 divisions.

Example: with a 10 kg cell platform it is possible to approve the weighing system with:
Single range: 6 kg capacity and 2 g division (3000 div.)
Dual range: 6/3 kg capacity and 2/1 g division (3000 + 3000 div.)

Note

Multi-range functioning is indicated by illumination of the relative LED identifying the operating range; when the weight on the scale enters into the second range, the division of the second range is enabled. The first range division is restored only when the weight on the scale goes below the gross zero of the scale.

The selection of the range number with multi-range functioning is made during the instrument's calibration, See Section 5.0 on page 32.

3.3 Display Configuration Data

The inFO function makes it possible to view the configuration data, such as:.

- First range capacity, first range minimum weight, first range division
- Second range capacity, second range minimum weight, second range division (if set)
- Gravitational Acceleration Value

Note

The minimum weight corresponds to 20 net weight divisions

The data of the second range appears only if a range is configured

To view the configuration data:

1. Press and hold C until inFO displays.
2. Release C. The capacity value of the first range displays. Press ▼ or ▲ to scroll forward or back through the following data:
   - First range capacity Ch 1.MAX
   - First range minimum weight Ch 1.Min
   - First range division Ch 1.E
   - Second range division Ch 1.MAX
   - Second range minimum weight Ch 1.Min
   - Second range division Ch 1.E
   - Gravitational Acceleration Value GrAU it
3. Press C to return to the weigh mode.

3.4 Selecting Printing Functions

Use the following procedure below to set printing functions, See Section 4.3.1 on page 20:

1. Turn on the instrument and press ▲ while the firmware version displays. F.ModE displays.
2. Press ↵ to enter the menu.
3. Press ▼ or ▲ until rEACt displays. Press ↵ to enter the menu.
4. Press ▼ or ▲ to scroll through the options.
   - 2Ero – rearms print at zero; only prints after rearming
   - inSt – rearms print when weight becomes stable
   - ALWAYS – prints when print key is pressed, regardless of condition
5. Press ↵ to confirm.
6. Slowly press C multiple times until SAVEP displays.
   - Press ↵ to confirm and store to the instrument memory
   - Press any other key to cancel and exit without saving

3.5 Selecting the Operating Mode

In addition to the standard weighing mode, the instrument can be set to carry out four alternative operational functions. Each operating mode activates certain LEDs.

To set the operating mode:

1. Turn on the instrument and press ▲ while the firmware version displays. F .ModE displays.
2. Press ↵ to enter the menu.
3. Press ▼ or ▲ until FunCt displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.
4. Press ▼ or ▲ to scroll through the options.
   - ConUEr – convert displayed value to a calculated value, see Section 3.5.1
   - AL ib i – alibi memory, See Section 3.5.2
   - U iSS – sensitivity times ten, See Section 3.5.3 on page 14
   - PEAK – peak hold detector, See Section 3.5.4 on page 15
5. Press ↵ to confirm selection.
6. Slowly press C multiple times until SAUEP displays.
   - Press ↵ to confirm and store to the instrument memory
   - Press any other key to cancel and exit without saving

3.5.1 Conversion

This function toggles the displayed weight between the scale unit of measure and an alternative unit measure.

- Long press ▶ to set the conversion factor
- Short press ▶ to toggle between the unit of measures
- Press ↵ to save the conversion value

3.5.2 Alibi Memory

The alibi memory allows for transmitted weight values to be filed in the PC for data processing and/or integration. The filed values can then be recalled from the PC serial line or directly on the instrument's display for a following check.

Storage of a weight value occurs following the reception of the serial command or by pressing ↵. The instrument transmits the gross and tare weights and an ID on the serial port.

The ID has the format: <Rewriting number>-<Weigh number>

- The rewriting number is a five digit number from 00000-00255; it indicates the number of complete rewritings of the alibi memory
- Weigh number is a six digit number from 000000-131072; it indicates the weigh number in the current rewriting of the alibi memory. The weigh number is increased by 000001 with each weigh storage. Once the value reaches 131072, it restarts from 000000.

The storage of a weigh value occurs only if the gross weight is greater than or equal to zero, it is stable and valid (not in under-load or overload). Depending on how F. ModE→rEACt has been configured in the technical set up, the storage of a weight by pressing a key is possible only if the condition is met (weight exceeds zero, weight instability or always).

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Reviewing Stored Weigh Information

To review stored information:

1. Press ▶. rEW . id displays.
2. Enter the rewriting number (from 00000-00255).
3. Press ↵. id displays.
4. Enter the weigh number (from 000000-131072).
5. Press ↵. The weigh information displays.
6. Press ▼ or ▲ to view the weigh information.
   - ch . H-H is the scale number (from 1-4)
   - uN YY-YY is the unit of measure (Lb, kG, G)
   - Gross momentarily displays and then the gross weight value
   - tArE or tArEPt (manual tare) momentarily displays and then the tare weight value
7. Press C to return to the weigh mode.

Note

If the alibi memory is empty and ▶ is pressed, EMPtY displays momentarily and the instrument returns to the weigh mode.If the entered ID is not valid, no id displays and the instrument returns to the weigh mode.

Clearing the Alibi Memory

The alibi memory can be cleared directly on the instrument in the SEtuP→ in1.AL parameter.

1. Turn on the instrument and press ▲ while the firmware version displays. F .ModE displays.
2. Press ▼ until SEtuP displays. Press ↵ to enter the menu.
3. Press ▼ or ▲ until in1.AL displays. Press ↵. 1.AL ib.P displays.
4. Press ↵ to clear the alibi memory or any other key to cancel.
   - AL.OK displays if the operation is successful
   - AL.Err displays if the memory was not successfully cleared (repeat procedure)
5. Press C to return to the weigh mode.

It is not possible to clear an individual weigh record.

3.5.3 Sensitivity Times Ten

This mode converts the weight to sensitivity times ten for display and is used for testing during calibration.

Press ▶ to toggle the weight display between standard sensitivity and sensitivity times ten.The last digit on the right of the display has a sensitivity equal to the scale's division divided by 10.

3.5.4 Peak Hold Weight Detection

This mode can be used to store the maximum (peak) weight value measured during the weighment.

Operation

If Peak Hold Weight Detection has been set as the functioning mode, the following functions are enabled while in weigh mode:

1. Press ▶ to enable the peak weight detection. -PEAK- displays alternately with the maximum weight value reached up to that point.
2. Press ▶ again to terminate the peak weight detection. Peak weight detection also terminates if the weight surpasses the maximum capacity of the instrument. In both cases, PEAK.oF displays and then the current weight on the scale displays. The detected weight value will be:
   - The maximum before a rapid decrease of the weight (measurement of the highest weight)
   - The maximum and persistent weight detected on the scale

Setting Sampling Time

To set the minimum sample time of the peak weight detection while in weigh mode:

1. Press and hold ↵.
2. Select P iC .tLn. -tP- displays followed by a number which corresponds to the minimum time length of the impulse expressed in hundredths of seconds.
3. Press ▼ or ▲ until the desired value displays. See Table 3-1 for a list of settable values.
4. Press ↵ to confirm. The instrument returns to the weigh mode.

Time in 1/100 sec	Sample per Second	Acquired Values	Mediated Values
1	400	1	1
2	200	1	1
3	100	1	1
4	100	4	2
5	50	4	2
10	25	4	2
20	12	4	2
50	6	4	2
100	6	8	2
127	6	12	2

Table 3-1. Sample Times in Peak Weight Detection

The peak detection function sensitivity is dependent on setting of samples per second. The higher the number of samplings, the greater the sensitivity. If an unexpected peak is detected immediately, decrease the sensitivity.

Example: If 0.000 lb is on the load cell of 20 lb, and the sampling time is equal to 1, when the peak function is enabled, 0.005 lb displays.

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4.0 Setup Mode

The setup mode is used to set the functioning parameters of the instrument. There are two setup menus in the SCT-2200.

- The **Quick Setup** Menu is a limited menu that includes settings essential to basic scale configuration such as quick calibration and communication. To enter the quick setup menu, press C to turn the instrument on. Press ▶ as the firmware version displays. See Section 4.2 on page 17 for more information on the quick setup menu
- The **Setup mode** Menu is a more in-depth menu that incorporates all configuration settings. To enter the setup mode, press C to turn the instrument on. Press ▲ as the firmware version displays. See Section 4.3 on page 19 for more information on the

4.1 Setup Mode Navigation

Use the keys on the front panel of the indicator to navigate trough the menu options as follows:

Key	Function
▼	Scroll through parameters In numeric input: decreases the digit to be modified
▲	Scroll through the parameters At power up: Momentary press during startup displays setup mode. In numeric input: increases the digit to be modified
▶	Quickly position at the first step of a menu At power up: Momentary press during startup displays quick setup menu. In numeric input: selects the digit to be modified, from left to right
↵	Enter into a parameter or confirm setting of a parameter In numeric input: confirms the entry made
C	Exit a step without confirming the setting In setup: press multiple times to display SAVE? prompt and/or press to exit a step without confirming the setting In numeric input: clears the present value

Table 4-1. Key Functions in Setup Mode

4.2 Quick Setup Menu

Press C to turn the instrument on. Enter the quick setup menu by pressing ▶ as the firmware version displays. After every parameter, press enter to accept settings.

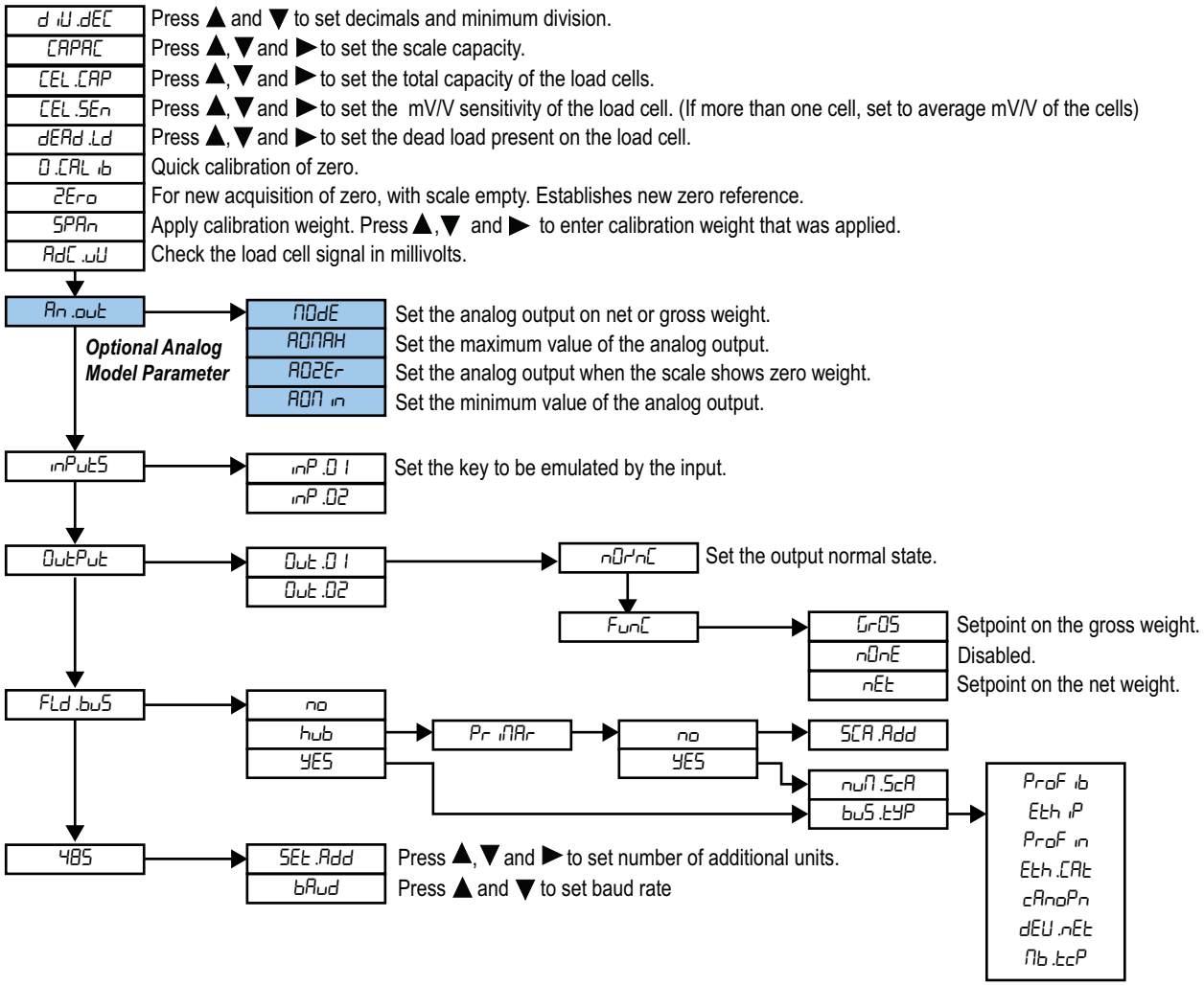


Figure 4-1. Quick Setup Menu

Note ***When settings are complete press C until the indicator displays SAVEP. Press ↵ to save set up and return to weigh mode. Pressing any other key exits the setup and discards changes.***

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4.2.1 Default Factory Calibration

The instrument is shipped with the following default calibration settings: See Table 4-3 on page 21 to return indicator to default settings.

- Capacity – 10,000 lb
- Load cell sensitivity – 2.000 mV/V
- Division – 1

4.2.2 Theoretical Calibration

Use the quick setup menu to perform a theoretical calibration. See Figure 4-1 on page 17.

1. Navigate to d IU .dEc. Press ↵.
2. Press ▲ and ▼ to set decimals and minimum division. Press ↵.
3. Select CEL .CAP Press ↵.
4. Press ▲ and ▼ to set the total load capacity of the load cells. Press ↵.
5. Select CEL .SEn. Press ↵
6. Press ▲, ▼ and ▶ to set the mV/V sensitivity of the load cell. Press ↵.
7. Select dEAd .Ld. Press ↵
8. Press ▲, ▼ and ▶ to set the weight value of the dead load present on the load cell. Press ↵.
9. Slowly press C multiple times until SAuEP displays.
   - Press ↵ to exit and save the calibration
   - Press any other key to exit without saving

4.2.3 Calibration Using a Known Weight

Use the quick setup menu (Figure 4-1 on page 17) to perform a standard calibration with a known weight.

1. Select d IU .dEc. Press ↵.
2. Press ▲ and ▼ to select decimals and minimum division. Press ↵.
3. Select CAPAC. Press ↵.
4. Press ▲, ▼ and ▶ to set capacity. Press ↵.
5. Select 0 .CAL lb. Press ↵.
6. Clear weight from scale. Press ↵. CAL .0P Displays. Press ↵.
7. Select SPAn. Press ↵.
8. Press ▲, ▼ and ▶ to set the weight value used for the calibration.
9. Place calibration weight on scale. Press ↵.
10. Slowly press C multiple times until SAUEP displays.
    - Press ↵ to exit and save the calibration
    - Press any other key to exit without saving

4.2.4 Analog Output

See Section 4.6 on page 29 for Analog Output Settings.

4.2.5 Inputs

See Section 4.3.2 on page 21 for Input setup parameters.

4.2.6 Output Functions

See Section 4.5 on page 26 for Output Functions.

4.2.7 Fieldbus Parameters

For detailed Fieldbus configuration information, See Fieldbus Card Manual (RLWS Part #183523).

4.3 Setup Mode Menu

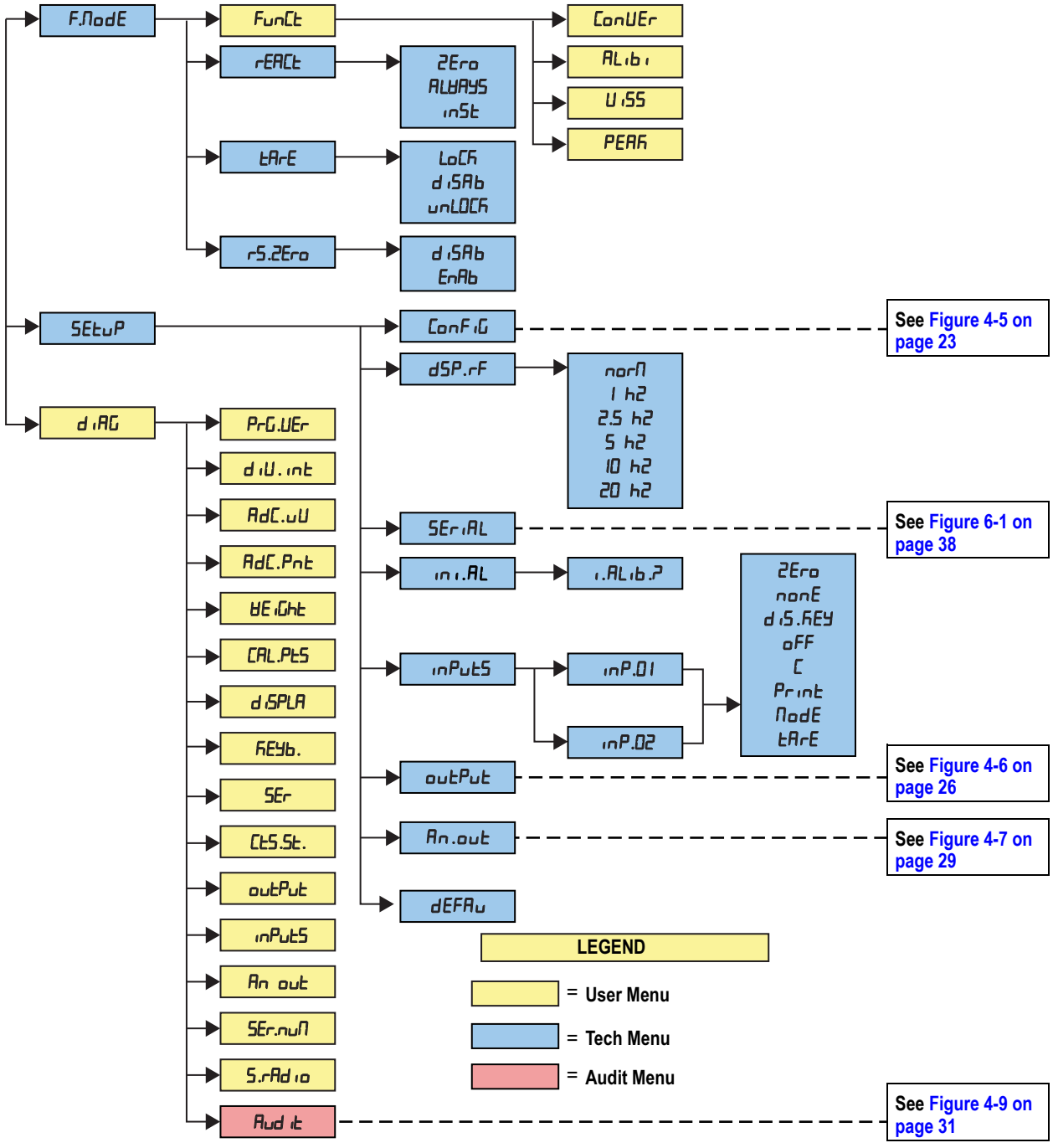


Figure 4-2. Setup Mode Menu

Settings adjusted in Tech Menu will increment the Audit Trail. Settings adjusted in the User Menu will not increment the Audit Trail.

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4.3.1 F.Mode Parameters

The function mode parameters set the functionality of the scale. The function mode parameters set four operations that can be accessed with the > key. It also sets the functionality of printing, taring and zeroing.

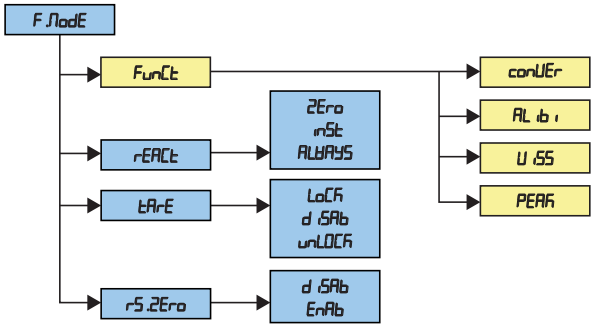


Figure 4-3. F.Mode Menu

Parameter	Settings	Description
FunCt	Functioning Mode ***NOTE: For the details of the operating modes, See Section 3.5 on page 13.*** ***Once the functioning mode is selected, if a printer is configured, the printout follows the selected function.***	
	ConVEr	Convert the current displayed value to a calculated value; if the Mode key is pressed for 1 second, the conversion value can be edited, See Section 3.5.1 on page 13
	AL ib i	Alibi memory, See Section 3.5.2 on page 13
	U .SS	Sensitivity times ten when the mode key is pressed, See Section 3.5.3 on page 14
	PEAK	Peak hold detector displays PEAK and alternates with displaying the highest captured value after the mode key is pressed, See Section 3.5.4 on page 15
rEACt	Sets the re-enable function of printout based on this criteria: rearm at zero, rearm when weight is unstable, or always print when the print button is pressed, See Section 3.4 on page 12	
	2Ero	Rearms print function after weight returns to zero; only prints once after rearming
	ALWAYS	Always prints when print key is pressed
	inSt	Instability rearms the print function when the weight becomes unstable; only prints once after rearming and weight becomes stable
tArE	When a tare value is entered manually, automatically or from storage the tare value displays with a negative sign when the scale is unloaded. This is known as a locked tare. An unlocked tare is automatically canceled each time the scale is unloaded, See Section 3.1.5 on page 11	
	LoCK	Retains tare value until manually cleared
	d iSAb	Tare value cannot be entered
	unLoCK	Tare value is automatically cleared when gross weight is zero
rS.2Ero	Enables restoring the last captured zero after a power cycle	
	d iSAb	Disables restore zero after power cycle
	EnAb	Enables restore zero after power cycle

Table 4-2. Function Mode Parameter

4.3.2 Setup Parameters

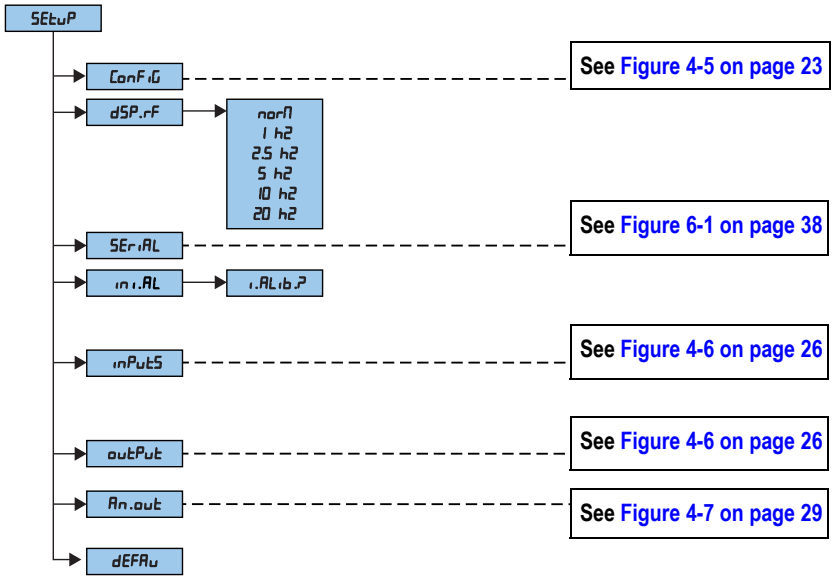


Figure 4-4. Setup Menu

Parameter	Settings	Description
ConF iG	Configuration Parameter - See Table 4-5 on page 24	
dSP .rF	Sets the speed of the display refresh	
	norM	The function is disabled
	20 h2	20 display update / sec refresh rate
	10 h2	10 display update / sec refresh rate
	5 h2	5 display update / sec refresh rate
	2 .5 h2	2.5 display update / sec refresh rate
	1 h2	1 display update / sec refresh rate
SEr iAL	Serial Communications Setup, See Table 6-4 on page 40	
in i.AL	Initialize alibi memory – the initialization cancels all the data stored in the alibi memory; press ↵ to enter the operation, then i.AL ib.P displays; press ↵ again to confirm or any other key to cancel; AL .OK displays if the operation is successful; if not, AL .Err displays; the parameter displays only if the alibi functioning mode is selected	
inPutS	Input Configuration – sets the function of each input, See Section 4.5.1 on page 26	
outPut	Output configuration – See Table 4-6 on page 26	
An.out	Analog output – See Table 4-9 on page 29	
dEFAu	Default settings – restores instrument default settings; press ↵; dEFAuP displays; press ↵ to confirm or exit by pressing any other key ***NOTE: Returning the instrument to default settings cancels the present calibration.***	

Table 4-3. Setup Parameters

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4.3.3 Diagnostic Menu

See the Figure 4-2 on page 19 for the diagnostic (d iAG) menu structure.

Settings	Description
PrG.UEr	Press ↵ to display the software version
d iU. int	Press ↵ to display the calibration internal divisions
AdC.uU	Press ↵ to display the microvolts relative to the weight on the scale; use ▼ or ▲ to display the microvolts of the scale ***NOTE: The maximum input voltage the instrument accepts is 30 mV (30000 µV); the scale system is powered by the instrument at 5 Vdc; in a properly operating system there will be less than 30000 µV with full capacity on the scale system***
AdC.Pnt	Press ↵ to display the A/D converter points relative to the weight on the scale; press ▼ or ▲ to display the A/D converter points for each configured channel. See Table 4-10 on page 30 for ideal Raw A/D count numbers.
UE iGht	Press ↵ to display the weight on the scale; press ▼ or ▲ to view the weight on each connected scale
CAL.PtS	Press ↵ to alternately display the A/D converter points and the corresponding weight value; use ▼ or ▲ to display for each calibration point and relative weight value
d iSPLA	Display Test – press ↵ to turn on display segments one at a time; continue pressing ↵; The instrument turns on the display segments, one at a time, then exits automatically from this step
KEYb	Keyboard Test – press ↵, then 0000 displays; press the keys on the keyboard, one at a time, to display related codes; press any key three times to exit
SEr	RS-232 Serial Port Test – press ↵, then S HY; H displays, in which Y indicates the status of the PC serial port • 0 – Serial port is not working • 1 – Serial port is working Press ▼ or ▲ to change the status of the serial port
CtS.St	CTS Status Test – press ↵ to view the CTS signal status of the printer connected to the PRN serial port
outPut	Output Test – press ↵, displays rEL.1 and output 1 is enabled; press ▼ or ▲ to enable the other outputs
inPutS	Input status – press ↵, displays in.bH-Y; H displays, in which Y indicates the input status • 0 – disabled • 1 – enabled Press ▼ or ▲ to change the input status
An out	Analog Output Test – provides a basic test to verify correlation of weight and analog output, when equipped with analog output option; See Section 4.6 on page 29 Press ↵, 00000 displays. Enter a value between 00000 and 65535 and confirm by pressing ↵; the instrument assigns the corresponding analog value in output Press ↵ on the same entered value to exit
SEr.nuM	Serial Number – Displays the instrument's serial number
S.rAd io	Press ↵ to select the desired radio channel; OK displays if the configuration is successful, Error displays if not successful
Aud it	Press ↵ to view counters for System Configuration, Scale Configuration, and Scale Calibration; See Section 4.7 on page 31

Table 4-4. Diagnostics Menu

4.4 Configuration Menu

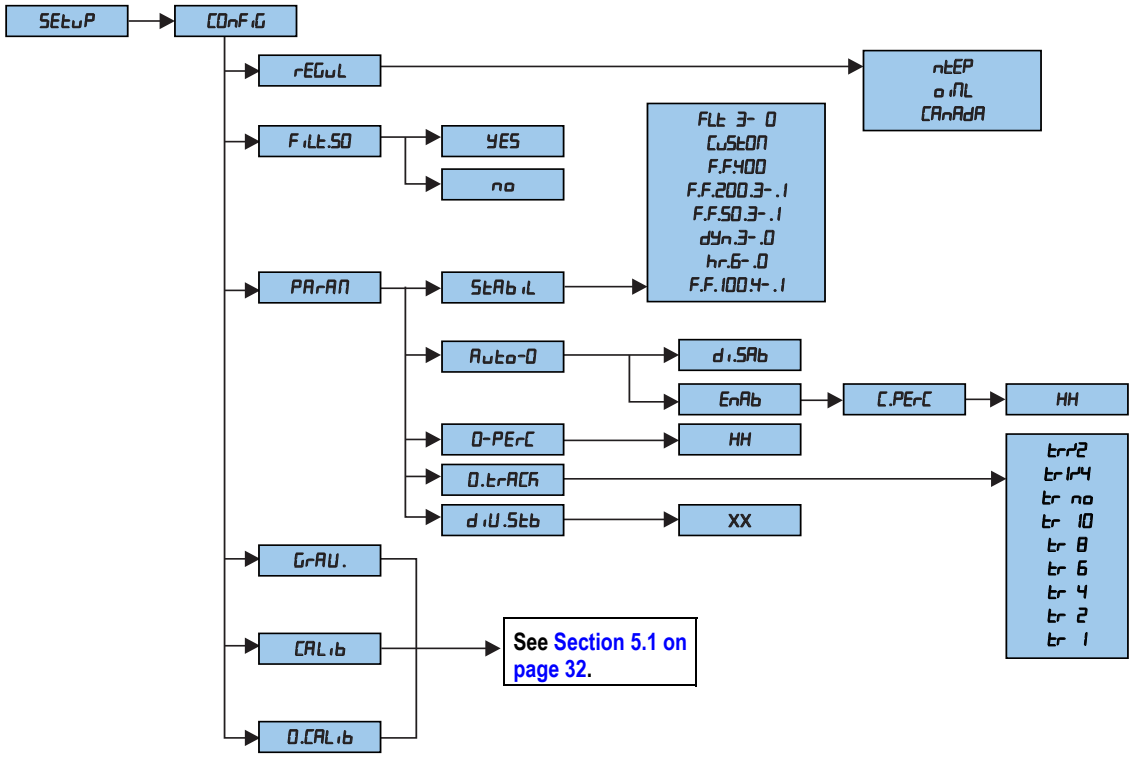


Figure 4-5. Configuration Menu

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Parameter	Settings	Description
rEGuL	ntEP o iML CAnAdA	Selection of regulatory body NTEP OIML Measurement Canada
F iLt .50	no = disable YES = enable	Enable or disable the 50Hz filter
PArAM	Metrologic parameters	
	StAb iL	Select and set the type and degree of filtering; See Section 4.4.1 on page 25 FLt 0-3 – filter for simple weighing CuStoM – customizable filter for manufacturer use F .F .200 . 1-3 – filter at 200 Hz F .F .50 . 1-3 – filter at 50 Hz dYn .0-3 – filter for crane scale h .r .0-6 – filter for high resolution F .F . 100 . 1-4 – filter at 100 Hz F .F .400 – filter at 400 Hz ***With a Legal for Trade instrument, only the FLt0, FLt 1, FLt2, FLt3 parameters can be selected.***
	Auto-0	Automatic acquisition of the gross zero at startup (default is 2% of capacity) d iSAb – disabled EnAb – enabled on scale 1 ***NOTE: If auto zero is enabled, 0 .PErC displays and a value between 1 and 50 as a percentage of the capacity of the auto zero must be set.***
	0-PErC	Zero capacity – This menu allows to set (0-50%) of capacity that can be zeroed by pressing zero key (▼); Entering 0% disables the zero key (▼)
	0 .trACk	Zero tracking – This menu allows setting the zero tracking (compensation parameter of the scale's thermal drift); the set value corresponds to the number of divisions tracked off in 1 second tr 1r2 – ± half division tr 1r4 – ± one fourth of a division tr no – tracking disabled tr 10 – ± ten divisions tr 8 – ± eight divisions tr 6 – ± six divisions tr 4 – ± four divisions tr 2 – ± two divisions tr 1 – ± one division
	d iU .Stb	Divisions by stability – enter the number of divisions by which the instrument detects the weight stability; a higher number of divisions makes stability more easily detected; Settable values are 0 (weight always stable) to 99
GrAU .	--	Gravity acceleration – See Section 5.4 on page 35
CAL ib	--	Scale calibration – See Section 5.0 on page 32
0 .CAL ib	--	Zero calibration – See Section 5.0 on page 32

Table 4-5. Config Menu Parameters and Settings

4.4.1 Filter Parameters

Standard digital filtering uses mathematical averaging to compensate for the noise that the A/D converter sends periodically because of external vibration. This filter compensation makes data less susceptible to a DC signal bias error for some signals.

Each of the filters of the SCT-2200 are intended to compensate for different types and intensities of digital noise and vibration. Below, find general usage for each family of filters and the A/D Rate and Window for each filter within those families:

Name	A/D Rate	Window
Static Weighing on platform		
FLt3	25	24
FLt2	25	16
FLt 1	25	12
FLt0	25	8
CuStOn	For manufacturer use only	
High Speed Weight Capture		
F .F .400	400	24
Filling or Dosing		
F .200 .3	200	30
F .200 .2	200	32
F .200 . 1	200	32
Instability, motion or vibration		
F .50 .3	50	20
F .50 .2	50	22
F .50 . 1	50	22

Name	A/D Rate	Window
Suspended and oscillating loads		
dYn .3	6	12
dYn .2	6	12
dYn . 1	6	12
dYn .0	6	12
High Resolution Weighing		
h .r .6	6	32
h .r .5	6	24
h .r .4	6	24
h .r .3	6	12
h .r .2	6	12
h .r . 1	6	10
h .r .0	6	8
Filling or Dosing		
F . 100 .4	100	26
F . 100 .3	100	24
F . 100 .2	100	20
F . 100 . 1	100	10

Table 4-6. Filter Values

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4.5 Input/Output Functions

The instrument is fitted with two opto-isolated inputs and two dry contact outputs. See specifications in Section 2.7 on page 8.

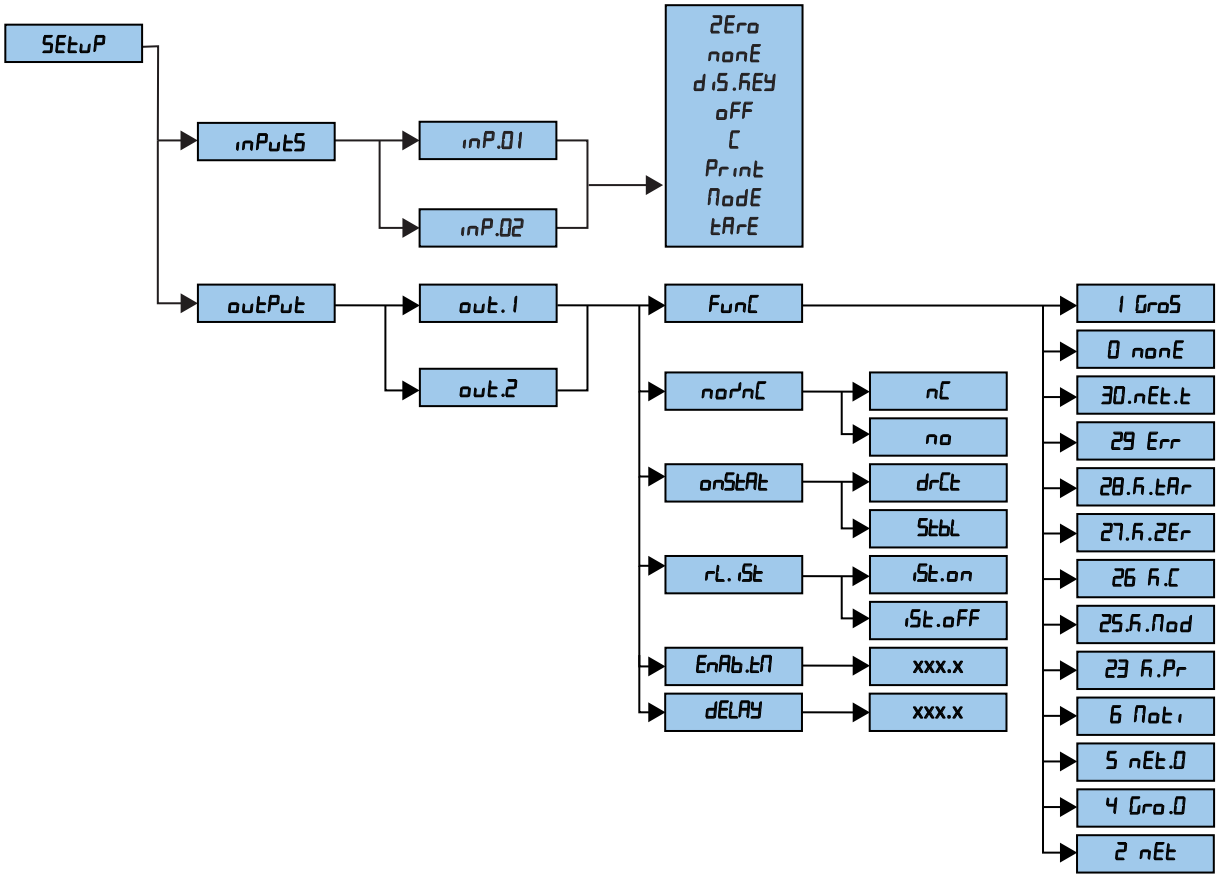


Figure 4-6. Output Menu

4.5.1 Input Functions

The input configuration menu sets the function of each of the inputs.

Parameter	Settings	Description
inPutS	inP.01 inP.02	Input 1 or Input 2 ***NOTE: In the event two inputs are simultaneously enabled, only the lowest number input will activate.***
		2Ero – Zero key
		nonE – Disabled (Default for input 1)
		di5.kEY – Disables the keyboard
		oFF – Turning off the instrument
		C – C key – ON/OFF key
		Pr int – Print key
		NodE – Mode key (Default for input 2)
		tArE – Tare key

Table 4-7. Input Functions

4.5.2 Output Functions

The parameters of each of the outputs is set in the setup oUtPUt menu, See Figure 4-6 on page 26.

Note ***Some of functioning modes of the outputs are relative to the specific functioning modes of the instrument; see the following descriptions for the details.***

Parameter	Settings	Description
FunC	Define the functionality of each output	
	1 GroS	Setpoint based on the gross weight (Default) **Functioning with hysteresis** (rL. 1St parameter set at 1St. on) Setpoint based on gross weight; Two setpoints for each output must be set; one which disables the output when the gross weight falls below that setpoint; and one which enables the output when the gross weight is equal or greater than that setpoint 1. Press and hold ↵ to enter the setpoint values for each configured output 2. Select inP .StP. 5 . 1 on displays (output 1 – this enables the setpoint). Press ↵ 3. Enter the weight value. See Section 4.1 on page 16 for key function. Press ↵ to confirm. 5 . 1 oFF displays (output 1 – this disables setpoint) Press ↵ 4. Enter the weight value. Press ↵ to confirm 5. Repeat steps 1 to 8 for all outputs 6. Slowly press C multiple times until SAUEP displays - Press ↵ to confirm and store to the instrument memory - Press any other key to cancel and exit without saving
		Functioning without hysteresis (rL . 1St parameter set at 1St .oFF) Setpoint based on gross weight; One setpoint for each output is set 1. Press and hold ↵ to enter the setpoint values for each configured output 2. Select inP .StP. 5 . 1 on displays (output 1 – enabling setpoint) Press ↵ 3. Enter the weight value; See Section 4.1 on page 16 for key function. Press ↵ to confirm 4. Repeat steps 1 to 5 for all outputs 5. Slowly press C multiple times until SAUEP displays - Press ↵ to confirm and store to the instrument memory - Press any other key to cancel and exit without saving • *The configuration of setpoints cannot be accessed if all outputs are set in the nOnE functioning mode, or if the selected functioning mode does not require entry of a setpoint value* • *With the instrument off or in standby outputs are normally open* • *The disabling setpoint must be equal to or less than the enabling setpoint; if the disabling setpoint is set at a value greater than the enabling setpoint the instrument sets the setpoint to zero until a valid value is entered* • *If the enabling setpoint is set at a value lower than the disabling setpoint, the enabling setpoint is entered and accepted, however, the disabling setpoint will be set to zero* • *A zero value is valid on both the enabling and disabling setpoints* • *A setpoint value remains active while modifying the setpoint until the new value is confirmed* • *The tare operations are active* • *These outputs are enabled by pressing a key (▼, ▲, ▶, C or ↵); if the key press time is greater than two seconds the output is disabled and remains disabled*
	OnonE	No function, this output is inactive
	2nEt	Setpoint based on net weight. Setpoints are set in the same manner as gross weight; See 1GroS above. In addition setpoints can be set and activated on a negative weight • Positive weight (5 1Gn set at POS it) • Negative weight (5 1Gn set at nEGAt)
	3O .nEt .t	Setpoint based on the net weight with tare activated; selecting this mode the function of the output on the net weight is activated if a tare is entered

Table 4-8. Output Functions

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Parameter	Settings	Description
FunC	29 Err	Error indication. Function of the output is enabled on an invalid weight (overload/underload), or without the signal coming from the cell (disconnected cell)
	28 K.tAr	Tare Key – function is enabled when ▲ is pressed
	27 K.2Er	Zero Key – function is enabled when ▼ is pressed
	26 K.c	C Key – function is enabled when C is pressed
	25 K.Mod	Mode Key – function is enabled when ▶ is pressed
	23 K.Pr	Print Key – function is enabled when the ↵ is pressed
	6 not 1	Instability – Output is on for an unstable weight
	5 nEt.0	Setpoint based on net weight being at zero
	4 Gro.0	Setpoint based on gross weight being at zero
noPnC	NO/NC Contacts • no – output normally opened • nC – output normally closed	
onStAt	Switching condition • drCt – the output is activated when the weight reaches the set threshold, (independently from the stability) and is disabled when the weight goes below the set disabling threshold • StbL – the output is activated when the weight, after reaching the set activation thresholds, becomes stable; the output is disabled when the weight, after going below the set disabling threshold, becomes stable	
rL.1St	Hysteresis • 1St.oFF – hysteresis disabled • 1St.on– hysteresis enabled	
EnAb.tM	Enabling time – enter the length of time the output is enabled in seconds (4 digits with a decimal); the output is disabled once the set time has passed, starting from the moment of the activation (see dELAY); by setting 000.0 the output remains always active ***NOTE: The delay time is only evaluated when a setpoint on gross weight, setpoint on net weight or is selected as an output function.***	
dELAY	Enables delay period – enter the enabling delay period in seconds (4 digits with a decimal); The output is enabled once the set time has passed, starting from the moment the condition takes place; By setting 000.0 the output is enabled when the enabling condition takes place ***NOTE: The output is enabled only if the enabling condition takes place for the length of time set. The delay is valid only for the enabling of the output. When the enabling condition no longer takes place the output is disabled.*** ***In a switching condition with stability, the output is enabled only when the weight is stable. The delay time is evaluated when a setpoint on gross weight or setpoint on net weight is selected as an output function.***	

Table 4-8. Output Functions (Continued)

4.6 Analog Output Option

An optional analog output is configurable at 0-20mA, 4-20mA, 0-10Vdc, 0-5Vdc; with minimum and maximum settable values. The output voltage and the current from the interface are proportional to the gross weight or net weight present on the scale.

The analog output is updated every 20ms and takes on the value corresponding to the weight converted in that instant; therefore, as the filter is increased, the analog output update rate will slow down.

Note ***Scale needs to be calibrated per Section 5 before analog output can be calibrated***

To configure the parameters, enter the setup mode and SEtuP→An.out.

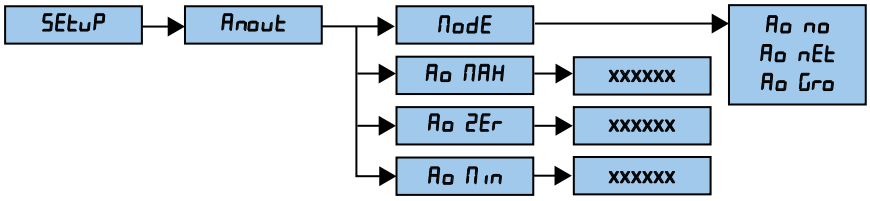


Figure 4-7. Analog Output Menu

Parameter	Descrption
NodE	**Select the type of analog output:** Ano – analog output disabled AoGro – analog output tracks gross weight AonEt – analog output tracks net weight Once the functioning mode is confirmed, set the values of the analog output; the digital/analog converter values are entered (between 0-65535) which corresponds to an output value in voltage or in current The instrument keys have the functions: ▼ – decreases the selected digit (blinking) ▲ – increases the selected digit (blinking) ▶ – selects the digit (blinking) from left to right ↵ – press once to enter a value, the corresponding output analog value is enabled; press a second time to confirm and exit the step C – press to quickly zero the present value to 000000
AoMAH	Set the maximum value of the analog output: • **With a positive weight** – the value of the output when the weight is greater than or equal to the full scale capacity; also corresponds to the overload condition • **With negative weight** – the value of the output when the negative weight is greater than or equal to the full scale capacity, also corresponds to the underload condition The value can be between 0-65535 (values of the digital/analog converter); if a higher value is entered, the instrument zeros the value
Ao2Er	Set the analog output value when the scale displays zero weight (supplied when the scale is in underload); this value can be between 0-65535 (values of the digital/analog converter); if a higher value is entered, the instrument zeros it
AoMin	Set the minimum value of the analog output: • **With positive weight** – the minimum value provided by the analog output, corresponding also to the underload condition • **With negative weight** – the minimum value provided by the analog output, corresponding also to the overload condition This value can be between 0-65535 (values of the digital/analog converter); If a higher value is entered, the instrument zeros it

Table 4-9. Analog Output Parameters

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Calibrating Analog Output

The following calibration procedure requires a multimeter to measure voltage or current output from the analog output module.

1. Enter setup mode and go to the Ao out menu (see Figure 4-7 on page 29).
   - Set Ao Min to lowest weight value to be tracked by the analog output
   - Set Ao MAX to highest weight value to be tracked by the analog output
2. Connect multimeter to analog output:
   - For voltage output, connect voltmeter leads to pins 3 and 4
   - For current output, connect ammeter leads to pins 1 and 2
3. Adjust zero calibration: Scroll to the Ao 2Er parameter. Check voltage or current reading on multimeter. Press and hold ▼ or ▲ to adjust the zero value up or down.
4. Return to normal mode. Analog output function can be verified using test weights.

Approximate Values Between The DA Converter and Analog Output:

D/A Converter	Voltage	Current (mA)
1200	0	0
12700	--	4
58600	--	20
62650	10	--

Table 4-10. DA Converter and Analog Output

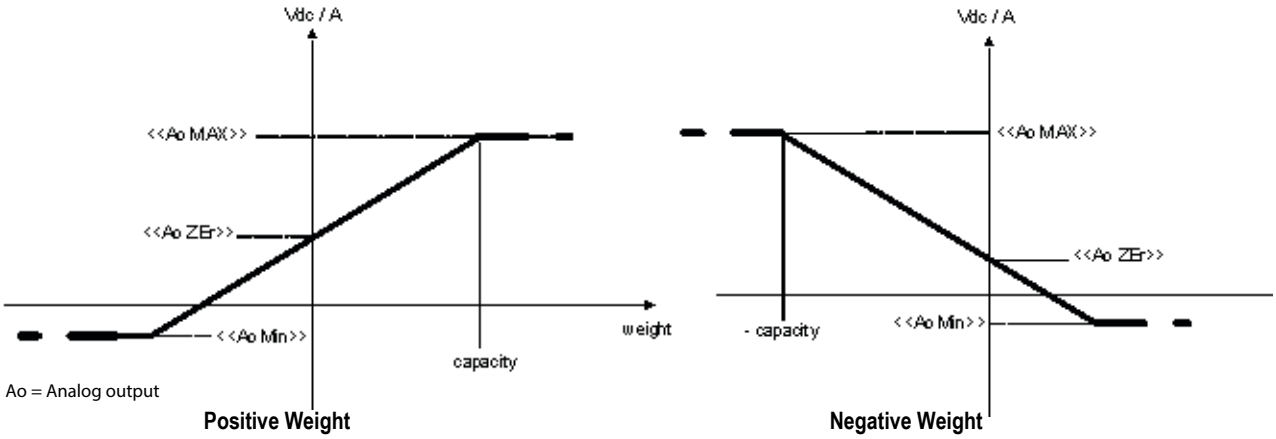


Figure 4-8. Analog Output

4.7 Audit Menu

Audit menu enables the user to view the number of times that configurations have been changed on the SCT-2200. The Audit menu is accessed from weigh mode.

4.7.1 Access the Audit Menu

The audit menu is accessed through the Setup mode or, in legal for trade applications, from weigh mode without power cycling the indicator. Indicator must be sealed as in Section 2.8 on page 9 for legal for trade applications.

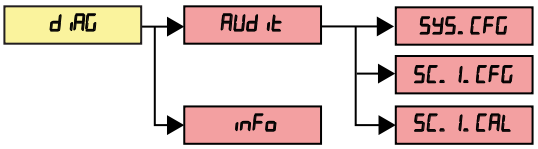


Figure 4-9. Audit Menu

Menu	Parameter	Description
Aud it	SYS .CFG	**System configuration audit trail** - Displays number of times that any of the following system parameters has been changed TYPE, TARE, RS.ZERO, NCHAN, AUTO-0, C.PERC, 0.PERC, GRAV, REGUL, OV.LOAD
	SC . 1.CFG	**Scale configuration audit trail** - Displays number of times that any of the following scale parameters has been changed STABIL, 0.TRACK, DIV.STB, DEC1, UM, DIV, RANGE
	SC . 1.CAL	**Scale calibration audit trail** - Displays number of times the scale has been calibrated
inFO		Indicator scrolls through settings

Table 4-11. Audit Menu Parameters

Access Audit Menu From Weigh Mode

1. Press and hold C until Aud it displays.
2. Press ▼. inFo displays. Press ▼ again, Aud it displays.
3. Press ↵. Displays LRV number then displays SYS .CFG.
4. Press ▼ or ▲ to toggle between audit counter options.
5. Press ↵ to view Audit trail number for the selected audit counter.
6. Press C to exit to audit counter options. Repeat Steps 4 and 5 as needed.
7. Press C to return to weigh mode.

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5.0 Calibration

5.1 Calibration Menu

The indicator can be calibrated using a known weight or theoretically.

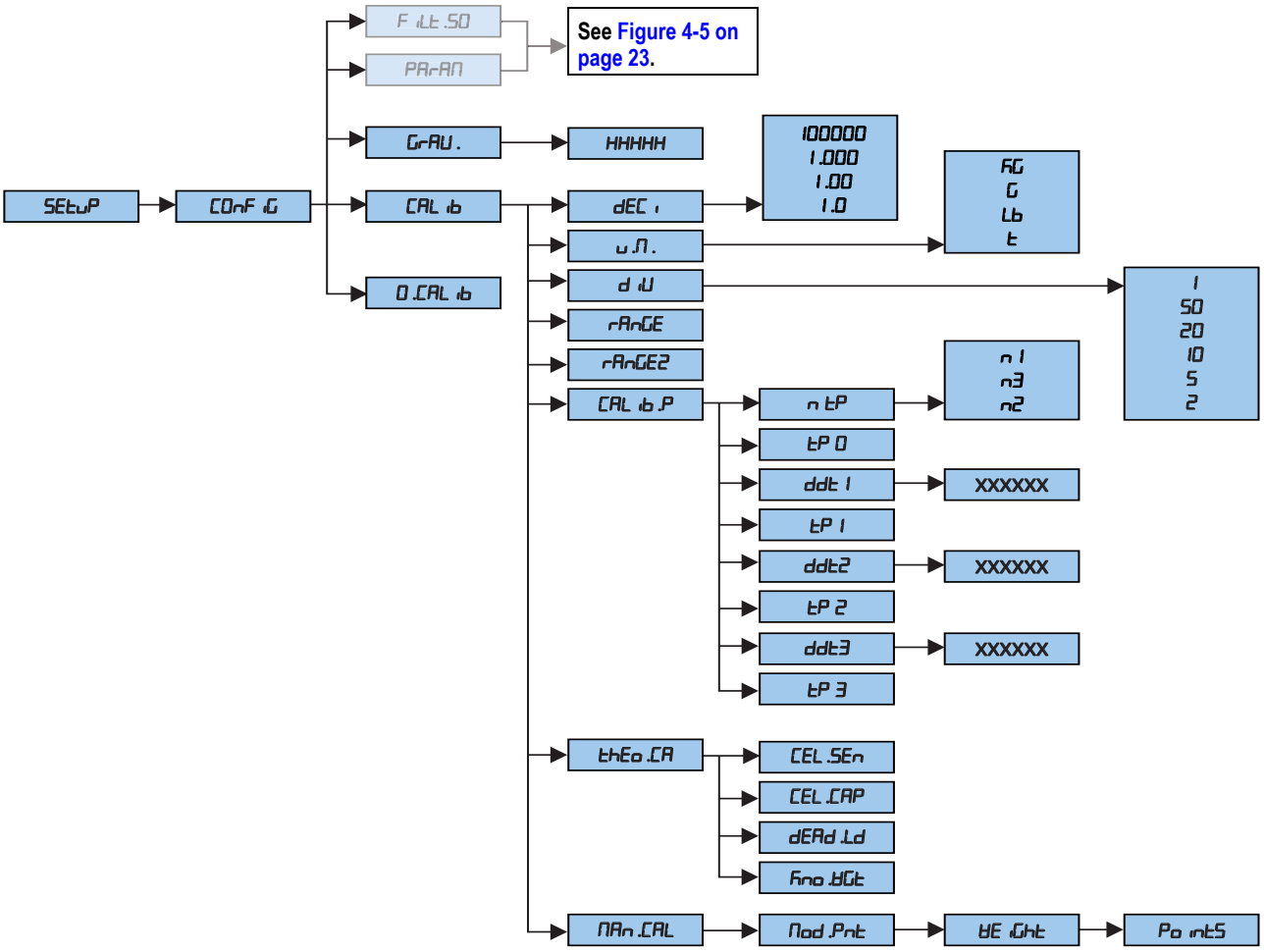


Figure 5-1. Calibration Menu

5.1.1 Calibration Parameters

Parameter	Settings	Description
GrAU.	9.7500 1- 9.84999 default: 9.80655	Gravity acceleration – select the acceleration value of calibration location and installation location of the instrument; manual entry of the g value: the gravitational acceleration value may be manually entered; the minimum decimal value is 9.75001m/s^2; any decimal number that is not between 9.75001 and 9.84999 m/s^2 (inclusive), is incorrect.
dEC 1	Decimal Point Location – when combined with the decimal point location, specifies the location of the decimal point or dummy zero in the unit display. (1.0, 1.00, 1.000, 100000)	
u.n.	Units – specifies units for displayed and printed weight; Lb, kG, t, G; (lb is standard on legend; stickers are available for g, t, and kg)	
d iU	Display Divisions – selects the minimum division size for the displayed weight. (1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50)	
rAnGE 1	Maximum weight for first range or interval (also sets scale capacity)	
rAnGE2	Maximum weight for second range or interval (also sets scale capacity)	
CAL ib.P	Calibration	
	n tP	Number of calibration points
	tP 0	Set weight value of unloaded scale
	ddt 1	Enter weight value of first sample weight
	tP 1	Add first sample weight and set calibration point
	ddt2	Enter weight value of second sample weight
	tP2	Add second sample weight and set calibration point
	ddt3	Enter weight value of third sample weight
	tP3	Add third sample weight and set calibration point
thEo.CA	Theoretical Calibration	
	CEL.SEn	Cell sensitivity in mV/V (0 to 99.99999)
	CEL.CAP	Total load cell capacity in the configured unit of measure. (0 to 999999)
	dEAd.Ld	Weight of the scale structure on the load cells with no weights added
	Kno.WGt	Known value of the existing product that is not part of the dead load (0 to scale capacity)
MAn.CAL	Manual Calibration - manually change the weight and ADC value of calibration points	
	Mod.Pnt	Select calibration point to change
	WE iGht	Enter or confirm weight value
	PO int5	Enter or confirm ADC value
0.cAL ib	Performs a zero calibration	

Table 5-1. Calibration Parameters

Note ***In the case that a number needs to be entered to set a parameter, press ▶ to select the digit to be modified and ▼ or ▲ to increase or decrease the digit.***

To navigate a menu to select an option, Press ▼ or ▲.

5.2 Calibration Procedure

Use this procedure to calibrate the scale.

1. Navigate to SEtuP→ConF iG→CAL ib→dEC 1. Press ↵ to set parameter.
2. Navigate to select the decimal place value. Press ↵ to confirm selection. u.n. displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.

Note ***By setting the divisions of the first range, the divisions for the second range are automatically set.***

3. Navigate to select the unit of measure. Press ↵ to confirm selection. d iU displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.
4. Navigate to select the scale's minimum division, or the first range of dual range. Press ↵ to confirm value. rAnGE 1 displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.
5. Set the total capacity of the scale, or rAnGE 1 if using multi-range functioning. Press ↵ to confirm. See Section 3.2 on page 12 for more information on multi-range functioning.

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6. For dual range scale only:
   - Navigate to select rANGE2 . Press ↵ to set parameter.
   - Set the second range. Press ↵ to confirm. CAL Ib.P displays. Press ↵ to enter the menu. nLP displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.

Note ***The rANGE2 is disabled if set at 000000. See Section 3.2 on page 12 for more information on multi-range functioning.***

7. Navigate to select the desired number (1-3) of calibration points and press ↵. LP 0 displays. Press ↵.
8. Unload the scale and wait until ddL 1 displays. Press ↵.
9. Set the weight value of first sample weight. Press ↵ to confirm.
10. Navigate to select LP 1. Press ↵.
11. Put the weight on the scale. Press ↵. Wait until the display stops flashing between the scale counts and LP 1.

Note ***When the weight acquisition is complete and a calibration point is set, the internal divisions value momentarily displays followed by nLP . If using multiple calibration points, the unit automatically advances to the next point (ddL2, ddL3).***

12. Repeat step 4-11 for each calibration point.

Note ***The calibration points must be in increasing order (point 1 < point 2 < point 3).***

13. Remove all weight from the scale. This step is optional, however, be aware if the auto-zero function is active, after saving the calibration the weight on the scale displays as zero even if the weight has not been removed. See SEtuP→ConF Ib→PArAM→Auto-0 in Table 4-5 on page 24.
14. Once the calibration is complete, press C until the instrument displays SAUEP.
15. Press ↵ to confirm and store the calibration to the instrument memory, StorE displays; press any other key to cancel and exit without saving.

5.3 Theoretical Calibration

Use a theoretical calibration when a weight of known value is not available, or a manual calibration cannot be performed.

1. Restart indicator. Momentarily press ▲ during startup to display setup mode.
2. Navigate to SEtuP→ConF Ib→CAL Ib→dEC 1. Press ↵ to set parameter.
3. Navigate to select the decimal place value. Press ↵. u.n. displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.

Note ***By setting the divisions of the first range, the divisions for the second range are automatically set.***

4. Navigate to select the unit of measure. Press ↵ to confirm selection. d Iu displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.
5. Navigate to select the scale's minimum division. Press ↵. rANGE 1 displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.
6. Set the total capacity of the scale, or rANGE 1 if using multi-range functioning. Press ▶ to select the digit to be modified and ▼ or ▲ to increase or decrease the digit. Press ↵ to confirm.
7. For dual range scale only:
   - Navigate to select rANGE2 ; press ↵ to set parameter
   - Set the second range; Press ↵ to confirm

Note ***See Section 3.2 on page 12 for more information on multi-range functioning. The rANGE2 is disabled if set at 000000; for more information on multi-range functioning.***

8. Navigate to select tHEo.CA. Press ↵ to enter the menu. CEL.SEn displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.
9. Set the cell sensitivity in mV/V. Press ↵ to confirm. CEL.CAP displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.

Note ***If several load cells are connected through a junction box enter the average sensitivity value of the cells.***

10. Set the total load cell capacity in the configured unit of measure. Press ↵ to confirm. dEAd .Ld displays. Press ↵ to set parameter.
11. Enter the known weight of the scale structure dead load on the load cells with no weights added. Press ↵ to confirm. Fno .WGt displays.Press ↵ to set parameter. GEt .WtP displays.

Note

The first character indicates the sign: 0 indicates a positive value, - indicates a negative value.

The sign is changed by positioning on the first digit and pressing ▼ or ▲:

- ***4 decimals: from -9.9999 to 9.9999***
- ***3 decimals: from -99.999 to 99.999***
- ***2 decimal: from -999.99 to 999.99***
- ***1 decimals: from -9999.9 to 9999.9***
- ***Enter 000000 if the value is not known***

12. Enter the known value in the configured unit of measure. Press ↵ to confirm.
13. If the weight is unstable, Er .NOt may momentarily display, then StorEP displays.
    - Press ↵ to confirm and save and proceed to step 13
    - Press C for next confirmation. rEtrYP displays; press ↵ to confirm and repeat the operation

Note

By setting the value to zero, the dead load is acquired.

14. Press C to exit the calibration. tH .CALP displays.
    - Press ↵ to confirm and apply the new calibration
    - Press C to cancel

Repeat this procedure for each connected scale.

5.4 Setting Local Gravity

Use this procedure to correct the weight error caused by a different gravitational value between the calibration zone and the zone of use.

1. Calibrate the indicator.
2. Restart indicator. Momentarily press ▲ during startup to display setup mode.
3. Navigate to SEtuP→ConF iG→GrAU . Press ↵ to set parameter.
4. Enter the local gravity. Press ↵. Default is 9.80390.
5. Slowly press C multiple times to exit the menus until SAUEP displays.
    - Press ↵ to confirm and return to the weigh mode
    - Press any other key to cancel and exit without saving

The weight error caused by a different gravitational value between the calibration zone and the zone of use is automatically corrected.

Press and hold ▼ when turning on the instrument. The g value relative to the gravitation zone of the user displays for a few seconds, after the name and the installed software version.

Note

To find the local gravity, enter the latitude and elevation into the International Gravity Formula.

Listed are links to websites that can be used to determine local latitude and altitude. Please note these website address are provided for reference only and may change.

Map Coordinates uses Google maps to find latitude and elevation: www.mapcoordinates.net/

Once local latitude and altitude have been determined, use the following link to calculate local gravity http://www.sensorsone.com/local-gravity-calculator/

IMPORTANT

The gravity correction function has not been evaluated by an approvals agency, therefore it is up to the authorized scale dealer to ensure the device is accurate at the intended point of use.

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5.5 Zero Dead Load A/D Counts

Table 5-2 lists the ideal A/D counts that result from input signals of 0Ð45 mV with zero deadload. Actual values will typically be higher than the values shown in Table 5-2 but the ideal values can be used when calibrating the indicator with no attached scale.

Input Signal (mV)	Raw A/D Count
0	1830
2.5	543564
5.0	1085373
7.5	1627166
10	2168897
12.5	2710715
15	3252467

Table 5-2. Ideal A/D Raw Counts

6.0 Communications

6.1 Serial Outputs

The instrument has two bidirectional serial outputs which are ASCII code compatible with most printers, remote displays, PCs and other devices. See Section 2.7 on page 8 for connection information.

Transmission of data through the serial ports can be configured in the parameters *PCSEL*, *PCMODE* and *PR MODE* in the setup mode. See Section 6.2 on page 38.

6.1.1 COM1 Serial Port

The COM1 serial port is bi-directional (half duplex) and uses RS-485 for transmitting data. It is mainly used to connect PCs, PLCs and additional remote displays. The transmission speed may be selected in the setup as: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 baud (bit/sec).

On the same RS-485 line, it is possible to connect up to 32 devices (RS-232 instruments can use an RS-485/RS-232 signal converter).

Considerations when making RS-485 connections:

- Use a Shielded Twisted Pair cable to make the connection (twisted and shielded pair(s) with single shielding for each pair through aluminum band and total shielding through external shielding)
- Using 24 AWG duplex cable with external shielding, the RS-485 cable should not exceed 4000' (1200 m); See Section 2.3 on page 5
- With very long cables, cable capacity becomes a dominant factor in power consumption (normally near 50pF/m); cable capacity decreases as length increases; capacity also decreases when speed is increased; the maximum distance cannot be covered with the maximum possible speed

Baud Rate (bit/sec)	Total Cable Capacity (pF)
1200	400000
2400	200000
4800	100000
9600	50000
19200	25000
38400	12000
57600	8000
115200	4000

Table 6-1. Cable Capacity

- Verify single point grounding on all equipment; See Section 2.4 on page 6
- Use correct single point grounding to avoid forming ground loops
- On the RS-485 network, two termination resistances equal to the impedance of the cable (typically 120 Ω) are normally connected on the two devices at the ends of the cable; The terminal resistance is not supplied with the ports of the instrument
- Consult the device product data sheet for all connected devices to ensure consistent wire labeling

6.1.2 COM2 Serial Port

The COM2 serial port is bi-directional (full duplex) and uses an RS-232 for transmitting data. It is mainly used to connect printers, PCs, and PLCs. The transmission speed may be selected in the setup as: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 baud.

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6.2 Serial Port Transmission Modes

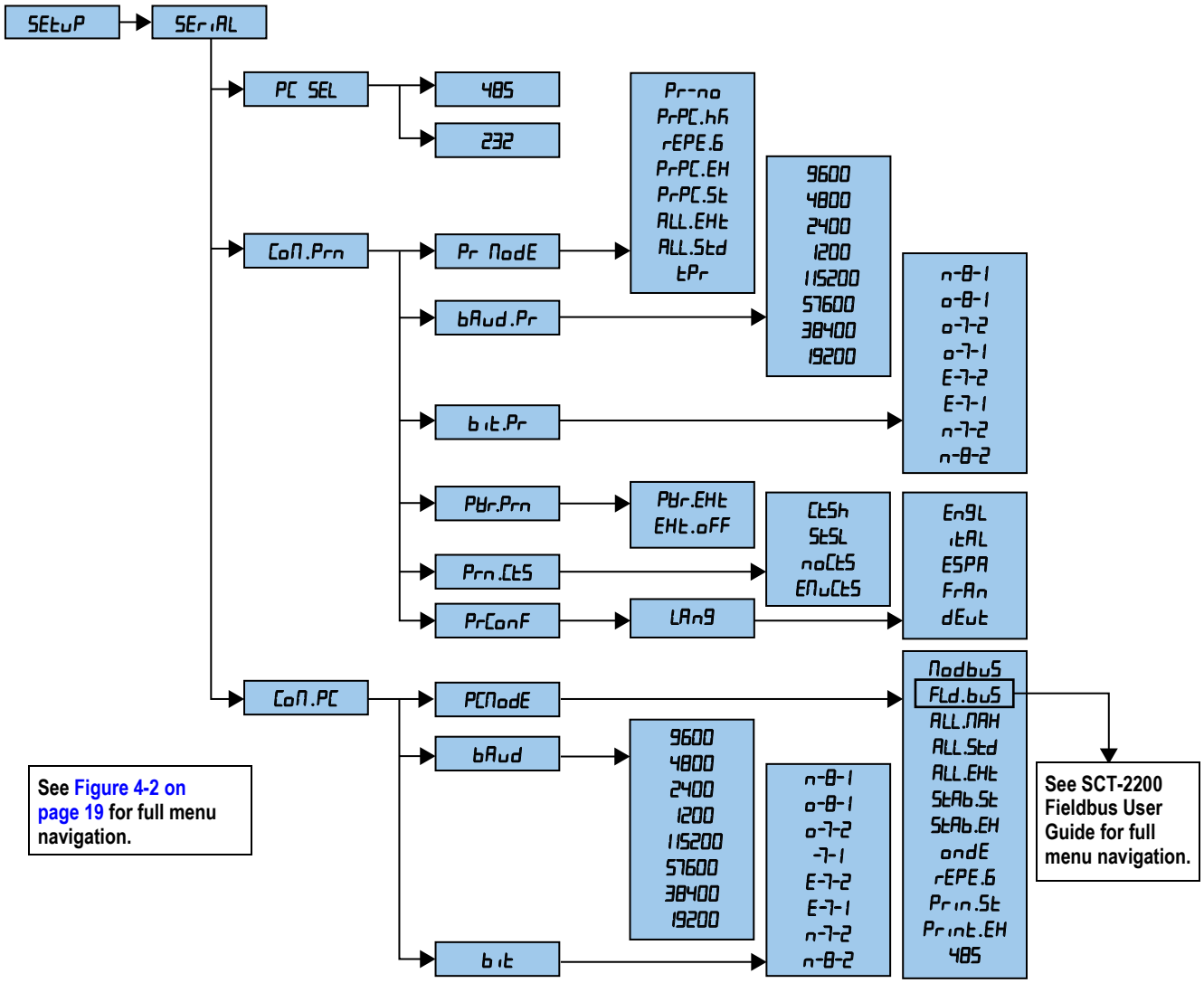


Figure 6-1. Serial Menu

6.2.1 PC Port Selection

It's possible to select the serial port to be used as a PC port. When a port is selected for PC port transmission, the other serial port is selected as default for PRN port transmission.

This setting is made in the SEtuP→SEr iAL→PC SEL step.

Select the RS-485 serial port as the PC PORT and the RS-232 serial port sets as the PRN PORT.

Select the RS-232 serial port as the PC PORT and the RS-485 port sets as the PRN PORT.

Parameter	Settings	Description
PCSEL	Select the communication carrier for the ports	
	485	Communication between the instrument and the PC takes place through the RS-485 port and transmission of data to the printer through the RS-232 port
	232	Communication between the instrument and the PC takes place through the RS-232 port and transmission of data to the printer through the RS-485 port

Table 6-2. PC Port Selection

6.2.2 PRN PORT

This section describes the selectable serial weight transmission modes of the PRN serial port through the parameter set in *PrModE*.

Parameter	Settings	Description
CoM.Prn	Serial Format for the printer port	
Pr.ModE	Transmission to serial printer	
	Pr-no	Transmission disabled
	PrPC.hA	Transmission of the weight string by pressing enter
	rEPE.6	The weight is displayed on the instrument and is transmitted to a 6 digit remote display
	PrPC.EH *PrPC.St*	*PrPC.EH* allows for transmission of the extended string by pressing enter See Section 6.4.2 on page 46
		PrPC.St allows for transmission of the standard string by pressing enter See Section 6.4.1 on page 46
		Transmission when ↵ is pressed – the instrument transmits the weight data through the serial port when ↵ is pressed; Transmission takes place if the weight is stable and the net weight is > 20 divisions; re-enabling the transmission depends on how *rEACt* is set in the setup mode (passing by zero of the net weight, weight instability or always) Data is transmitted with the standard string *Pr in.St* or the extended string; See Section 6.4 on page 46 for a description of the strings; The transmission is confirmed when *trAnSn* displays
	ALL.EHt *ALL.Std*	Continuous Transmission for interfacing to the PC, remote displays and other devices which request a constant stream of the data independently from the weight stability; the instrument transmits data with each A/D cycle: • Baud rate at 9600 up to 10 transmissions per second are possible • Baud rate at 115200 up to 16 transmissions per second are possible for the PC port and up to 12 for the printer port The data transmits both positive and negative values • *ALL.Std* - The data is transmitted using the standard string • *ALL.EHt* - The data is transmitted using the extended string - See Section 6.4 on page 46 for a description of the strings ***NOTE: Filter selection directly affects data transmission; To obtain 250TX/sec configure the filter F.F.400 (SEtuP→ConF iG→PAr-AM.→StAb iL)***
	tPr	Enables printing with ASCII compatible printer Data is transmitted to the printer by pressing ↵ on the instrument; the print command is inhibited if the weight is in motion and in all other circumstances in which the data is not valid
NOTE: In the rEPE.6 protocol, the serial output is automatically set at 4800, N-8-1 but can be configured differently. For the protocol and transmission mode specifications, see Section 6.2 on page 38.		
baud.Pr	Set baud rate - selection of the data transmission speed (baud = bit/second); (9600 default)	
bit.Pr	Set parity, word, stop bit	
PWr.Prn	Manufacturer Use Only	
Prn.CtS	Manufacturer Use Only	
Pr.ConF	*LAnG*	Select Language of Printouts ***NOTE: Language selection only available if tPr is selected***

Table 6-3. PRN Port Parameters and Settings

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6.2.3 PC PORT

This section described the selectable serial weigh transmission modes of the PC serial port.

Parameter	Settings	Description
CoM.PC	Serial format for the PC port	
PCmodE	Transmission on the PC port	
	modbuS	Transmission with the MODBUS protocol • mod.tYP displays; press ↵; select ASC.1 or rtu; press ↵ • mod.Add displays; press ↵; enter the address of the unit (0 to 98); press ↵ • Enter baud rate; press ↵ • Enter bit parameters; press ↵
	FLdbuS	Fieldbus type; See SCT-2200 Fieldbus User Manual for more information; PN183523 ProF.ib - Profibus Eth.IP - Ethernet/IP ProF.in - ProfiNet EthcAt - EtherCat CAnoPn - CANopen dEUnEt - DeviceNet Mb.tcP - Modbus TCP/IP
	ALL.MAH ALL.Std ALL.EHt	Continuous Transmission for interfacing to the PC, remote displays and other devices which request a constant stream of the data independently from the weight stability; the instrument transmits data with each A/D cycle: • Baud rate at 9600 up to 10 transmissions per second are possible • Baud rate at 115200 up to 16 transmissions per second are possible for the PC port and up to 12 for the printer port The data transmits both positive and negative values • ALL.Std - The data is transmitted using the standard string • ALL.EHt - The data is transmitted using the extended string - See Section 6.4 on page 46 for a description of the strings • ALLMAHR The weight is transmitted in hexadecimal format (for example: 03E8= 1000g), without decimal point - This transmission protocol is recommended for applications where a high nubmer of output transmissions is required. (up to 250TX/sec. with baud rate equal to 115200) ***NOTE: Filter selection directly affects data transmission; To obtain 250TX/sec configure the filter*** F.F.400 ***(SEtuP→ConF.iG→PArAM.→StAb.iL)***
	StAb.St StAb.Eh	Transmission on stability – each time a weight on the scale becomes stable, a communication string is transmitted on the PC port; • The transmission takes place when the weight is stable and the net weight is greater than 10 display divisions • Re-enabling the transmission depends on how rEACt has been set in the setup mode; See Table 4-2 on page 20 • The data is transmitted with the standard string StAb.St or the extended string StAb.EH; See Section 6.4 on page 46 for a description of the three strings
	ondE	Transmission requested on demand, from an external device – the instrument waits for a command before transmitting data; See Section 6.3 on page 41 With baud rate at 9600, up to 10-11 requests per second are possible through the READ command; with baud rate at 115200, up to 16 requests per second are possible through the READ command; The data transmits both positive and negative values
	rEPE.6	Transmission to 6 digit remote display / Reception of the "rEPE.6" string The weight display occurs both in the instrument and is transmitted to a 6 digit remote display

Table 6-4. PC Port Parameters and Settings

Parameter	Settings	Description
PC Mode	Pr in.St Pr in.Eh	The instrument communicates the weight data through the serial port when ↵ is pressed • Transmission takes place if the weight is stable and the net weight is > 20 divisions; re-enabling transmission depends on how the rEACt is set in the setup mode (passing by zero of the NET weight, weight instability or always) • Pr in.St - The data is transmitted using the standard string • Pr in.EH - The data is transmitted using the extended string - See Section 6.4 on page 46 for a description of the strings • The transmission is confirmed when trAnSM displays
	485	Transmission in RS-485 serial mode; Protocol mimics the command that was sent; the instrument responds only if its ID is the one requested (before the request the module ID must be input, i.e. 00READ<CRLF>); If a broadcast address command (99) is received no answer is given; If the command is correct it is executed
bAud	Set baud rate - selection of the data transmission speed (baud = bit/second)	
b it	Set parity, word, stop bit	

Table 6-4. PC Port Parameters and Settings (Continued)

6.3 Serial Commands Format

Several characters are regularly used in serial commands. They are:

Characters	Description
[CC] o <II>	Instrument ID, e.g. 00 (The ID is only used with RS-485 protocol)
<CR LF>	Carriage Return plus Line Feed (ASCII character 13 and 10)
<ESC>	ASCII character 27
<STX>	ASCII character 02
B	Space character, ASCII character 32

Table 6-5. Serial Command Legend

Serial Errors

The instrument transmits a response string or it transmits one of the following responses with each serial command received:

Status Response	Description
OK<CR LF>	Displays when a correct command is transmitted from the PC to the instrument; the OK does not imply that the instrument executes the zero
ERR01<CR LF>	Displays when a correct command is transmitted from the PC to the instrument, but the command is followed by unexpected letters; for example READF, TARES instead of READ, TARE
ERR02<CR LF>	Displayed when a correct command is transmitted from the PC to the instrument, but contains wrong data
ERR03<CR LF>	Displayed when an incorrect command is received; when the command may not be used in the selected functioning mode; or when the command is received while the keyboard buffer is already full
ERR04<CR LF>	Displayed when a nonexistent command is received

Table 6-6. Serial Status Response

Note ***The instrument does not transmit a response with momentary commands; for example, those made up of only one letter and then the parameter.***

Version Reading Command

[CC]VER<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]VER,vvv,DGT1S**bbb**<CR LF>

In which:

- vvv is the firmware version
- **b** is the space character, ASCII 32

Note ***Instrument responds if the command has been received. No response is sent when the instrument has executed the command.***

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Extended Weight Read Command

[CC]REXT<CR LF>

Instrument response: extended string, See Section 6.4.2 on page 46

Weight Read Command

[CC]READ<CR LF>

Instrument response: standard string, See Section 6.4.1 on page 46

Weight Reading Command With Sensitivity Times 10

[CC]GR10<CR LF>

Instrument response: standard string, See Section 6.4.1 on page 46

Reading Command of MicroVolts Relative to the Weight

[CC]MVOL<CR LF>

Instrument response: standard string, See Section 6.4.1 on page 46

Reading Command of A/D counts Relative to the Weight

[CC]RAZF<CR LF>

Instrument response: standard string, See Section 6.4.1 on page 46

Tare Command

[CC]TARE<CR LF> or [CC]T<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

Zero Command

[CC]ZERO<CR LF> or [CC]Z<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

Clear Command

[CC]CLEAR<CR LF> or [CC]C<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

The command also works in the setup mode.

Test Command

[CC]ECHO<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]ECHO<CR LF>

Print Command

[CC]PRNT<CR LF> or [CC]P <CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF> if the command has been received, no answer for the P command.

Tare Insertion Command

[CC]TMANVVVVVV<CR LF> or [CC]WVVVVVV <CR LF>

In which: VVVVVV is the manual tare value with the decimal point, from 1 to 6 characters; the non significant zeros can be omitted.

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF> if the command has been received; no answer for the W command.

Command for Displaying Temporary Message on an Instrument

[CC]DISPNNVVVVVV <CR LF>

In which:

- NN is the instrument display number, standard 00 (ASCII hex)
- V is the message:
  - if present, it is shown on the NN display
  - if not present, the command interrupts the possible visualization enabled with a previous DISP command, restoring the visualization of the weight data

Note

If the display shown in the command is numeric (for example the standard display 00) and in the transmitted message there are two consecutive points, the message is stopped after the first of the two points. When the display is showing a message transmitted serially through the DISP command, the instrument does not display those messages usually shown in the scale status (ZERO, TARE, HOLD, etc.).

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

The message remains for the time set through the DINT command

The ASCII characters having the decimal code greater than 31 are accepted.

Command for Setting Display Message Interval

[CC]DINTNNNN<CR LF>

In which: NNNN is the visualization interval (in milliseconds), expressed in ASCII hex character; for example, in order to set a visualization time of 2 seconds (2000 milliseconds, which converted into hex it becomes 07D0), the command becomes [CC]DINT07D0<CR><LF>.

By setting a time equal to zero, the message transmitted with the DISP command remains permanently shown on the display.

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

PC Confirmation Command

[CC]PCOK<CR LF>

The instrument shows on the display the -PCOH- message for about two seconds.

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

Serial Command which Returns the Instrument Status

[CC]STAT<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]STATXX<CR LF>

In which: XX is a decimal value which returns the status of the instrument; the possible values are:

XX	Instrument Status
00	Normal scale status
01	Normal scale status in input
02	Instrument in technical setup
03	Instrument in boot phase
04	Instrument in rx/tx setup phase
05	Instrument in test phase of the serial ports
06	Instrument in print test
07	Instrument in firmware update phase
08	Instrument in standby
09	Instrument in automatic zero phase
10	Instrument in change channel
11	Instrument in inputs test phase

Table 6-7. Instrument Status Commands

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Key Press Simulation Command

[CC]KEYPXX<CR LF>

In which:

XX	Code of Pressed Key
00	▼ - ZERO key
01	▲ - TARE key
02	▶ - MODE key
03	↵ - PRINT key
04	C - C key
05	Numeric 1 key
06	Numeric 2 key
07	Numeric 3 key
08	Numeric 4 key
09	Numeric 5 key
0A	Numeric 6 key
0B	Numeric 7 key
0C	Numeric 8 key
0D	Numeric 9 key
0E	Numeric 0 key

Table 6-8.

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>: accepted command.

In the event the simulated key has two linked functions, key momentarily pressed or pressed at length, if the KEYP command is followed by the release command (KEYR) within a maximum time of 1.5 seconds, the momentary key press is executed; otherwise the key pressed at length is executed.

Release Key Press Simulation Command

[CC]KEYR<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

Note ***The instrument does not respond OK to the following momentary commands (P, Q, T, W, X, Z).***

Read Scale Information

[CC]RALL<CR LF>

Instrument response:
[CC]SS,B,NNNNNNNUM,LLLLLLLUM,YYTTTTTTTTUM,XXXXXXXUM,SSS,AAA,CCC,TTT,XXXXX-YYYYYY<CR LF>.

In which:

Characters	Description
SS	UL Underload OL Overload ST Stability of the display US Instability of the display TL Active inclination input
B	Number of platform on which the totalization has been made
NNNNNNNUM	Net weight with unit of measure
LLLLLLLUM	Gross weight with unit of measure
YY	Tare Type; Blank spaces if semi-automatic tare; PT If preset tare
TTTTTTTTUM	Tare value with unit of measure
XXXXXXXUM	Not used

Table 6-9. Scale Information Characters

Characters	Description
SSS	Scale status • 000 Weighing • 001 Numeric value input • 002 Setup menu
AAA	Counter of pressed keys
CCC	Code of last key pressed
TTT	Not used
XXXXX	Last rewriting number stored in the alibi memory
YYYYYY	Last weigh number stored in the alibi memory

Table 6-9. Scale Information Characters (Continued)

Setpoint Command

[CC]STPTntxxxxxxtyyyyyy<CR LF>

In which: n indicates the setpoint number (1, 2)

t→F if the following weight value indicates that the setpoint will disable the outputs (OFF).

t→O if the following weight value indicates that the setpoint will enable the outputs (ON).

xxxxxx and yyyyyy represent the weight value of the setpoint that disables or enables the outputs: the digits must be entered without the decimal point, omitting the non-significant zeros.

Instrument responses: [CC]OK<CR LF> correct syntax and correct values have been recieved
[CC]NO<CR LF> correct syntax but wrong values have been recieved

Example of instrument with capacity 10.000 kg and division 1 g:

Command: ***STPT1F5000O6500*** *(Disabling first output at 5 kg and enabling at 6.5 kg)*

Instrument response: ***OK***

Note

The ERR 02 code displays when:

One of the two entered values is greater than the capacity.

One of the two entered values has a minimum division that is inconsistent in comparison to the one set in the instrument.

The disabling value is greater than that of enabling.

The transmitted values are valid until the instrument is turned off. To permanently save these on the instrument use the saving command (CMDSAVE). To save various setpoints set all of them and at the end transmit the saving command.

Setpoint Saving Command

[CC]CMDSAVE<CR LF>

Response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

Enable/Disable Keyboard

To enable the keyboard: [CC]KEYEE<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

To disable the keyboard: [CC]KEYED<CR LF>

Instrument response: [CC]OK<CR LF>

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6.4 Transmission Protocols

The weight data transmission on the PC and PRN serial ports will take place in one of two formats: standard string or extended string.

6.4.1 Standard String

String transmitted: [CC]hh,kk,pppppppp,uu <CR LF>
In which:

Characters	Description
[CC]	The instrument ID as two ASCII decimal digits (RS-485 protocol)
hh	UL Underload OL Overload ST Stability of the display US Instability of the display
,	Comma character
kk	NT Net weight GS Gross weight GX Gross weight with sensitivity times 10 VL Value in microvolts relative to the weight RZ Value in converter points relative to the weight
pppppppp	8 digits (including sign and decimal point) which identify the weight; the insignificant digits are filled with spaces; through the MVOL and RAZF command the instrument transmits the relative value on 10 digits instead of 8
uu	Unit of measurement kg, bg, bt, lb, mv (microvolts), vv (A/D counts); (b signifies blank)
<CR LF>	Carriage Return + Line Feed (ASCII decimal character 13 and 10)

Table 6-10. Standard String Characters

Note ***The transmitted weight is gross weight (GS) if no tare weight has been entered; otherwise, net weight (NT) is transmitted.***

6.4.2 Extended String

String Transmitted:
[CC]B,hh,NNNNNNNNNN,YYTTTTTTTTTT,PPPPPPPPPP,uu,(dd/mm/yybbhh:mm:ss|NO DATE TIME)<CR LF>
In which:

Characters	Description
[CC]	The instrument ID as two ASCII decimal digits (RS-485 protocol)
B	Scale number is always 1
,	Comma character
hh	UL Under load OL Overload ST Stability of display US Instability of display
NNNNNNNNNN	Net weight on 10 characters including possible sign and decimal point
YY	PT if the tare is manual, if YY = two empty spaces display with semiautomatic tare
TTTTTTTTTT	Tare weight on 10 characters including possible sign and decimal point
PPPPPPPPPP	Always 0
uu	Unit of measure Kg, **b**g, **b**t, lb; (**b** signifies blank)
<CR LF>	Carriage Return + Line Feed (ASCII decimal character 13 and 10)

Table 6-11. Extended String Characters

Note ***The non significant digits of the net, tare, and gross weights are filled with spaces (space characters, ASCII decimal 32 character).***

6.4.3 Secondary Mode Strings

Secondary Standard String

Standard string transmitted on the print port when Pr.mode = ALL.Std or PrPC.St; SS,NT,WWWWWWWW,UU<CR LF>

In which:

Characters	Description
SS	Status: • NV Weight not valid
,	Comma character
NT	ST Stable data US Unstable data UL Underload OL Overload
WWWWWWWW	Weight
UU	Unit of measure

Table 6-12. Secondary Mode String Characters

Secondary Extended String

Extended string transmitted on the printer port when Pr.mode = ALL.EHt or PCPr.EH

C, SS,NT,WWWWWWWW,UU<CR LF>

In which:

Characters	Description
C	Secondary or sum: • S, if the sum is sent
,	Comma character
SS	UL Underload (not transmitted in the TRANSM mode) OL Overload (not transmitted in the TRANSM mode) ST Stability of the display US Instability of the display
WWWWWWWW	weight
UU	unit of measure

Table 6-13. Extended String Characters

Note ***When rEPE.6 is selected the weight value is always zero.***
When the Pr.mode = PcPr.hA is set, only the weight is transmitted on the printer port.

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7.0 Troubleshooting

Use the following table to troubleshoot error messages on the instrument.

Message	Description
AL.Err	Displays when not connected at start-up, if there are communication problems between the instrument and the board or when the alibi memory operation is selected; The unit of measure conversion is automatically set, but not saved in the setup mode
buSY	Printing - PRN serial port is occupied or the instrument is waiting to transmit a print job to a PC
unStAb	Trying to print with an unstable weight
un.OUEr	Trying to print with the weight in underload or in overload; with a weight of 9 divisions greater than the capacity or 100 divisions below the gross zero
- - - - -	The weight is nine divisions above the maximum capacity
- - - - -	The weight is under the gross zero (- capacity – 9 divisions)
GroS.Er	Trying to print with a negative gross weight (equal or less than 0)
nEt.Err	Trying to print with a negative net weight (equal or less than 0)
LoW	Net weight less than the minimum necessary for the printing or the totalization
no.0.unS	Weight did not exceed net 0 or was not stable
ConU.	Trying to print while the instrument is converting the unit of measure
no in	Second attempt to acquire the input weight (input/output mode, set as in.out)
noout	Second attempt to acquire the output weight (input/output mode, set as in.out)
no1	Second attempt to acquire the input weight (input/output mode, set as G.t. or 1St.2nd)
no2	Second attempt to acquire the output weight (input/output mode, set as G.t. or 1St.2nd)
PrEC	Displays when trying to calibrate a point without first having confirmed the number of calibration points
ErNot	Weight is unstable during the acquisition of a point during calibration
ErPnt	During the acquisition of a calibration point a null value has been read by the converter
Er-11	Calibration error – the sample weight used was too small; use a weight equal to at least half of the scale capacity
Er-12	Calibration error – the acquired calibration point (tP1 o tP2 o tP3) is equal to the zero point (tP0)
Er-37	Scale must be calibrated; perform a technical default (dEFAu) parameter, before proceeding, See Table 4-3 on page 21 ***NOTE: Press ▲ to access the setup.***
Er-39	Scale must be calibrated; perform a technical default (dEFAu) parameter, before proceeding, See Table 4-3 on page 21 ***NOTE: Press ▲ to access the setup.***
EcoH	Displays momentarily if the secondary connects to primary X; if connection is not possible, the error message remains fixed and the secondary instrument emits an audible signal

Table 7-1. Error Messages

8.0 Compliance

EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

EU-KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG
DÉCLARATION UE DE CONFORMITÉ

Rice Lake Weighing Systems
230 West Coleman Street
Rice Lake, Wisconsin 54868
United States of America

RICE LAKE WEIGHING SYSTEMS

Type/Typ/Type: SCT indicator series

English We declare under our sole responsibility that the products to which this declaration refers to, is in conformity with the following standard(s) or other regulations document(s).

Deutsch Wir erklären unter unserer alleinigen Verantwortung, dass die Produkte auf die sich diese Erklärung bezieht, den folgenden Normen und Regulierungsbestimmungen entsprechen.

Francais Nous déclarons sous notre responsabilité que les produits auxquels se rapporte la présente déclartion, sont conformes à la/aux norme/s suivante ou au/aux document/s normatif/s suivant/s.

EU Directive	Certificates	Standards Used / Notified Body Involvement
2014/30/EU EMC	-	EN 61000-6-2:2015, EN 61000-6-4:2007+A1:2011, EN61326-1:2013, EN55011:2009 +A1:2010
2014/35/EU LVD	-	EN 61010-1:2010
2011/65/EU RoHS	-	EN 50581:2012

Signature: Richard Shipman

Type Name: Richard Shipman

Title: Quality Manager

Place: Rice Lake, WI USA

Date: May 3, 2019

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UK DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Rice Lake Weighing Systems
230 West Coleman Street
Rice Lake, Wisconsin 54868
United States of America

Type: SCT indicator series

English We declare under our sole responsibility that the products to which this declaration refers to, is in conformity with the following standard(s) or other regulations document(s).

UK Regulations	Certificates	Standards Used / Approved Body Involvement
2016/1101 Low Voltage	-	EN 61010-1:2010
2016/1091 EMC	-	EN 61000-6-2:2015, EN 61000-6-4:2007+A1:2011, EN61326-1:2013, EN55011:2009 +A1:2010
2012/3032 RoHS	-	EN 50581:2012

Signature: Brandi Harder

Name: Brandi Harder

Title: Quality Manager

Place: Rice Lake, WI USA

Date: December 30, 2021

9.0 Specifications

Power DC

Power Supply	12-24 VDC LPS or with Class 2 Power Supply
Power Consumption	70 mA min to 100 mA max
Excitation Voltage	5 VDC, 120 mA, 8 x 350Ω
Analog Signal Input Range	±39 mV
Analog Signal Sensitivity	0.3 µV/gradation minimum 0.3 µV/gradation recommended

Operator Interface

Display	LED 6 digits 8mm high
Keypad	5-key, tactile feel
LED	6 status indicator red LEDs

Enclosure

Case	Plastic console suitable for mounting on DIN rail or on the wall
Dimensions (W x H x D)	0.98" x 4.52" x 4.72" (25mm x 115mm x 120mm)
Weight	1 lb (0.5kg)

Operation

Resolution	
Internal	1.5 million counts
Display Resolution	800,000 minimum
A/D Sample Rate	1 channel A/D 24-bit sigma-delta conversion; up to 200 conv./sec auto select
Tare Function	Entire capacity can be subtracted
Auto Switch Off	Programmable form 1—255 minutes

Communication

Digital Inputs/Outputs	
2 Inputs	Opto isolated 12-24 VDC
2 Outputs	150 mA 48 VAC/150 mA 60 VDC
Serial Ports	1 RS-485 bidirectional port configurable for connection to a PC/PLC or weight repeater 1 RS-232 bidirectional port for connection to a printer
Analog Output	Opto isolated, 16 bit 0-20 mA; 4-20 mA (max 350 Ω) 0-5 VDC, 0-10 VDC (min 10 Ω)

Optional Communication

Modules	PROFIBUS-DP, DeviceNet, PROFINET IO, Ethernet/IP, Ethernet TCP/IP, Modbus TCP/IP EtherCAT, CANopen

Environmental

Operating Temperature	5°F to 104°F (-15°C—40°C)
Storage Temperature	-22° to 179°F (-30°C—80°C)
Humidity	85% (non-condensing)

Load Cell

Connection	6-wires with Remote Sense

Compliance

NTEP

CoC Number	20-046
Accuracy Class	III/IIILn_{max} : 10 000

Measurement Canada

Approval No.	AM-6165C
Class	III/IIIHDn_{max} : 10 000

OIML

Approval No.	R76/2006-A-GB1-19.17
Accuracy Class	III/III n_{max} : 10 000

cULus

EU Legal for Trade

Approval No.	0200-WL-05947
Accuracy Class	III/IIII n_{max} : 10 000

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9.1 FCC Compliance

United States

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Canada

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la Class A prescites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique edicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

9.1.1 Radio Certificate Number

When paired with optional module:

WiFi: US: ZXVHLK-RM04

Note ***WiFi module not certified for use in Canada.***

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230 W. Coleman St. • Rice Lake, WI 54868 • USA
U.S. 800-472-6703 • Canada/Mexico 800-321-6703 • International 715-234-9171 • Europe +31 (0)26 472 1319